THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,235—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18. 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911				
31st Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
28th "	CALEDONIA	7558	----	---
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7933
11th "	DELTA	8053	----	---
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10685
25th "	ARABIA	7932	----	---
4th March	MALWA	10853	----	---
11th "	EGYPT	7912	----	---
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10612
22nd "	* ARCADIA	7000	----	---
25th "	PERSIA	7951	----	---
1st April	MARMORA	10609	----	---
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558	----	---
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10685	----	---
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7932	----	---
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10500
20th "	EGYPT	7912	----	---

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES,

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea...	Rs. 525 or Rs. 617	Rs. 793 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,380	L. Mancini	15th Feb. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	G. Magnasine	15th Mar. 1910
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th April 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Morescio	16th Feb. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Mar. 1911
Capri	6,000	D. Morescio	16th April 1911.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG, Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent,
Elphinstone Circle.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges of either sex impending injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box [N]. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs. 19th Jan.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri. 20th Jan.	6 a.m.*	direct.
Dwarka	1695	Mon. 23rd Jan.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M

*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 19th Jan calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Warenga," 2513 tons, on Monday, the 23rd January, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Vadala," 3334 tons, on or about the 17th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
18th January, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Australien	6,365	Mouton	19th Jan. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,143	Ristorcelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	11th May 1911.
Caledonien	4,130	.....	8th June 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	.....	6th July 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	27th Jan. 1911.
Armand Behic	6,385	Guionnet	24th Feb. "

For further particulars apply to—

J. da COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5103	Wm. Kelso	25th Jan. 1911
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	Geo. Mitchell	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH)
VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing about
Umvolosi	4,500	14th February, 1911.

Fare Rs. 375 to Rs. 420.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

For further particulars, apply to:—

W & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Rangoon, Colombo, Karachi, Amritsar, Penang, Thaiping (Perak, F. M. S.) — Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S., Medan Deli (Sumatra), Singapore, Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.), Klang (F. M. States), Seremban (F. M. States), Bangkok, Batavia, Sourabaya, Saigon — Manilla, Cebu, Hongkong, Foochow, Shanghai, Tientsin, Hankow, Yokohama, Kobe, New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ..... Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits ..... Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... £ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 13 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY RACES.

To obtain a thorough appreciation of all the special and interesting features of a race as a whole, to anxiously watch the performance or form of a horse in which you are most interested and to enjoy a race from the start to an exhilarating finish, you cannot do without one of the following.

BINOCULARS.—

GOERZ—TRIEDER
NEO—TRIEDER.
HELI—TRIEDER
PAGOR
LONDON DERBY
MARCKS' PRISM.

They are revelations in power, precision and field of view. The use of any one of the foregoing glasses will present to your sight something

NEW AND EXTRAORDINARY,

as they possess the power of Binocular Telescopes six times their size and they will give you a phenomenal field which cannot be obtained in any other form of binocular or telescope.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS, &C.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following:—

GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.

MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.

PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.

ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.

WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

To hand just now from MESSINA.

SWEET ORANGES at Re. 1 per doz., and LEMOS for lemon squash.

Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

MONGINI BROTHERS' CONFECTIONERY SPECIALITIES.

FRESH MADE AT THEIR CONFECTIONERY WORKS, 15-16-17, TAMARIND LANE.

MONGINI'S	Chocolates in ½ lb. and 1 lb. cartons	... ... Rs. 2 per lb.
MONGINI'S	Nougat " packets	... ... " 2 "
MONGINI'S	Caramels (plain)	... ... " 1-8 "
MONGINI'S	Marzipan (in boxes)	... ... " 0-8 per box.
MONGINI'S	Assorted Confectionery in presentation picture boxes of three sizes	... ... Rs. 2, Rs. 3-14 and " 5-12 "
MONGINI'S	Dessert Chocolate Confectionery	... ... at Re. 1 and " 2 "

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF

WEDDING CAKES,

Confectionery, Provisions & Stores will be posted free on application.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

THE ARRIVAL.

Experienced cyclists will hail it with enthusiasm.

There are so many fine points to get enthusiastic about in the

NEW
DUNLOP
FOR 1911.

It is easy to see that the advent of such a tyre means

THE DEPARTURE

of the slipping and skidding bugbear.

NOTE.—The walls are strengthened by the double line of rubber studs, which, acting in conjunction with the familiar grooved and lettered tread, neutralize all kinds of adverse road conditions.

THE DUNLOP TYRE Co., LTD.,

WALLACE STREET, BOMBAY.

Recently Specially appointed Motor Tyre Manufacturers to H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s "ENERGICAL SYRUP."

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co. LTD.

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

SHELL
MOTOR
SPIRIT.

B. O. C. LUBRICANTS.

SPINDLE OILS.	GINNING OILS.
ENGINE OILS.	MOTOR OILS.
CYLINDER OILS.	MINERAL GREASES.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY. LTD.

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE KING-EMPEROR'S CORONATION IN LONDON, 1911.

IN RESPONSE to numerous requests, Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON beg to announce that they will despatch a Personally Conducted Party of Indian Ladies and Gentlemen to Europe, visiting Paris, London, and the most interesting Cities of England.

The party will be accompanied by an English gentleman throughout and will leave Bombay per P. and O. Steamer "ARABIA," May 6th, and will return by P. and O. Steamer due to arrive Bombay, July 14th.

Fare for each person (including ALL expenses):—
1st class on P. and O. Steamer...Rs. 2,500
2nd class on P. and O. Steamer...Rs. 2,200

For further information apply to
THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon and Colombo.

S.S. "MERTON HALL,"
ARRIVED on the 17th Instant.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCKS. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS, AGENCY,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Home Street, Bombay, 17th January, 1911.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 4th proximo till WEDNESDAY, the 18th proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
J. EGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 14th December, 1910.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED, from 12th to 25th January, 1911, both days inclusive, and the DIVIDEND will be payable on and after 18th January, 1911, on presentation of Share Certificates.

For the Bombay Burma Trading Corp. Ld.,
WALLACE & CO,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.
Bombay, 11th January, 1911.

NOTICE.

WANTED a RETIRED OVERSEER, who has served under British Government, to supervise works in the Engineering Department, Kolhapur. Apply with testimonials to the DIWAN of KOLHAPUR STATE, before 31st January, 1911.

R. SUBNIS,
Diwan of Kolhapur.
Kolhapur, 11th January, 1911.

TYPES FOR SALE.

ONE LOT of NEW ENGLISH-MADE TYPES, BORDERS and ORNAMENTS of unique designs. All made by the best and well-known English Founders. Separate Founts can be sold. For Specimen and rates apply to the MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF CLOTH BLUE DRILL; OIL KEROSINE FOR LIGHTING AND GAS MAKING; OIL LUBRICATING, CLEANING AND LIGHTING INCLUDING CASTOR, COCOANUT AND MINERAL OILS; LINSEED OILS, DOUBLE BOILED AND RAW; AND WASTE COTTON.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by THE AGENT at his Office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 8th February 1911, for the supply of the above stores, during the 12 months commencing from 1st April, 1911.

2. Tender forms of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of oils and waste cotton, etc., required and the conditions on which tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for, subject to a maximum of rupees one thousand, should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash, or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposit, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

G. R. WEBB,
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.
GENERAL STOREKEEPER'S OFFICE,
PAREL, BOMBAY, 11TH JANUARY, 1911.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "AFRICA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival and REQUESTED to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 7 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain METCALFE, will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days from date of discharge of the respective cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEY must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the morning of the Seventh Day.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

WEDDING, BIRTHDAY

AND GENERAL
PRESENTATION ARTICLES
IN
ENDLESS VARIETY.
GOLD JEWELLERY,
SILVER WARE AND
ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE.
MAKING GOLD AND JEM SET
JEWELLERY A SPECIALITY.

PRICES EXTREMELY MODERATE!

P. MEHTA & CO.,
JEWELLERS, MEDOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

PANCHGANI
BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL.
A high grade School in splendid climate.

ONLY English Teachers of high attainments and experience engaged.

TWO NEW UNIVERSITY MEN JOIN THE STAFF IN 1911.

Thorough instruction given in
ENGLISH, MATHEMATICS, CLASSICS, DRAWING and FRENCH.

OVER 30 SUCCESSES in PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS OBTAINED in PAST YEAR.

TWO GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS WON in SEPTEMBER, 1910.

Special attention paid to
JUNIOR and BACKWARD boys.
Present number of Boarders
HIGHER THAN EVER BEFORE.

Early application for existing vacancies desirable.

REV. THOMAS ROWAN, M. A., B. D.,
Trinity College, Dublin.
Principal.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Entebbe,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kampala, Uganda.
Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive sums for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Frs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,560,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 3, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

L. CAMBE,
Manager.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive, terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT,
THE GRAND AMERICAN MILITARY FILM,
"THE FLAG OF COMPANY H."

The Picture that has filled theatres in two continents. A graphic Story of American Redskin Warfare. American Frontier Camp. Soldiers at Play. The Redskin's Attack. The Saving of the Flag. Gallant Rescue of the Survivors, introducing
THE WONDERFUL TRAINED SOLDIER'S DOG.

A Full Programme of Novelties this Week.
TIMES AND PRICES AS USUAL.

On
SATURDAY NEXT, JAN. 21st,
WE SHALL PRESENT
WALTER E. DEAVE'S
WORLD FAMOUS
MARIONETTES.

Their first appearance after an absence of twelve years.
THE SHOW THAT HAS MADE
MILLIONS LAUGH.

SPECIAL SCENERY,
ELECTRICAL EFFECTS
and
HANDSOME DRESSES.

ALSO
GRAND CHANGE
OF
PICTURES.
HALF AN HOUR
WITH THE
MARIONETTES.
HALF AN HOUR
WITH THE
PICTURES.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

AN EXHIBITION will be held in the TOWN HALL, Last day, for receiving Pictures, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23rd. For prospectus and particulars apply to

PROF. O. V. MULLER, M. A.,
Hon. Secty.,
Elphinstone College, Bombay.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

TUESDAY, 24TH JANUARY,
SPORTS ON SKATES.

TUESDAY, 31ST JANUARY,
A NIGHT OF RACES.

TUESDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY,
A FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impurities of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has a reputation, and to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—ITS CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIRE EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising, such as

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY	BLOTCHES,
HOZEMA	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS,
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 18, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR:
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

POPPY LEVER WATCH.—Nickel Silver, elegant shaped, serviceable, non-magnetic Watch, Rs. 10.—D. R. PUNDOLE & SONS, Hornby Road and Church Gate St., Bombay.

FLAT TO LET.—Fully Furnished FLAT BERYL HOUSE, Wodehouse-Road, for 6 months, from March 1st (earlier if required). Two entertaining Rooms, two Bed-rooms, Dressing-Rooms, English Baths, usual offices, servants' quarters, Electric Lift, lights and fans. Rs. 250.—Apply to "X Z," Care of this Office.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.—We specialize in these. Spare parts stocked. A call will convince you as to the smartness and utility of our goods. No upbill prices. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummam Street, Fort.

MILK-BUTTER CREAM.—Can be supplied fresh daily; up-country orders for Butter supplied in tins. Rates moderate on application to PARISIAN DAIRY Co., 1, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

WONDERFUL Discovery—Specific for HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE, HERNIA, ELEPHANTIASIS AND DROPSY. Guaranteed to cure any nature and standing radically by using externally. Rs. 2-8 oz.—B. GHOSE & Co., Chemists, 85/1, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta. Testimonials Highest. Estd. 1885.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3d. to 1s. 4 1/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. R. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.) 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand (If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum, Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 8/- from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

IMPORTANT TO MILL AND FACTORY OWNERS AND ELECTRIC PLANT MERCHANTS.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late J. N. Tata, Esq., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), on the ground floor shop of the Waterloo Mansions, Mayo Road, Fort, next to Gool Mansions, the following:—

Daylgo, Western, Westinghouse, Hunter, Lahmeyer, ceiling fans of 4, 2 & 12 blades; Comfort, Westinghouse Lahmeyer, Table Fans of 12 inches blades; Lahmeyer ventilators of 12 inches blades; Sturtevant motor-starters; three complete push button gears for automatically working the lifts from different floors; one complete push button gear of 3 self-starters; Lahmeyer dynamos, main switchboards of 3 and 4 panels; oil separator, copper condensor coil, Lahmeyer ventilators, Arc Lamps, Flame, Arc Lamps; Liliput Arc Lamps, Miniature Arc Lamps, Lead Covered cable; galvanised Steel Rope, Scrap Brass Bolts and nuts, carbon batteries; switchboards, distribution boards, armature, &c.

Descriptive catalogues will be published and the plant will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 18th January, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 18th January, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.).

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No. 72, case No. 303, Carnac Road.
Also at the Trust Mandvi Koliwada Chawl, at 5 p.m.
A quantity of iron.

AUCTION SALE of the Right of the Temporary Occupation of the Vacant Land.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th January, 1911, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), the right of the temporary occupation of the following vacant lands:—

Plot Nos. 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, Princess Street.

Full particulars, Auction conditions and plans of the plots can be seen at the Trust Land Manager's Office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or at the office of the undersigned.

FOR SALE.

1 cottage piano by F. & J. Hopkinson.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 18th January, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF PARIAN FIGURES.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of January, 1911, sell by Public Auction at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), a consignment of Parian figures, representing "The three Graces, "Venus of Malliris," "Nymphs," Water woman, Hercule's bust of Goethe; Beethoven; Wagner, and other decorative figures.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.
SALE OF THE MACHINERY OF THE MAHARANI ICE FACTORY.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will, by the order of Chubildas Laloobhoy, Esq., the proprietor, sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 23rd day of January, 1911, at the premises, at Armenian Lane, near St. Thomas Cathedral, Fort, the whole of the Ice Making Machinery and plant of the Maharani Ice Factory, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

LIST OF THE MACHINERY.

1—2 Lancashire double flew boilers, 24 by 6 1-2, 32 N.H.P. each, by J. Musgrave and Sons.
2—1 Cameron double-acting Pump.
3—2 Direct acting coupled non-condensing engines 45 N.H.P., by W. G. Wear & Co.
4—2 Ether Vacuum pumps of 23 ins. diameter.
5—2 Ether condensers made of all copper and brass, 800 copper pipes 1 1-4 by 8 ins.
6—2 Refrigerators, made of all copper and brass, 4 by 8 by 1 1-4 ins. of 895 pipes copper.
7—2 Auxiliary condensers, all of copper.
8—1 Water and Brine pumps with cocks, pipes and ganges.
9— A separate condensing engine air-pump and condenser.
10— Electric light matchines.
12—4 Water tanks with pipes and corks.
13— Block No. 2 on ground floor 10 large wooden ice-tanks.
14—1 Brass force-pump with pipes and corks.
15— Ice tanks, agitating gear pipes, cocks and all other fittings.
16— Block No. 2 on first floor, agitating shafting.
17— Block No. 3 on ground floor travellers and shafting.
18—1 Centrifugal pump.
19—1 Wardhington pump.
20—1 Fulsometer pump, 6 ins. size.
21— Machine tools and spare machinery.
22—1 Row of feed heater pipes, 3 by 3 by 16 ins. of wrought iron.
23— Sundry stores in godown.

Cash or a deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchaser, and the balance shall be paid and goods cleared within three days from the day of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 18th January, 1911.

JOHN JAMESON'S
THREE STAR
PURE POT STILL. Famous for 100 Years. WHISKEY.

JOHN JAMESON & SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. the King.

Stocked by—
PHIPSON & CO., 6 Apollo St., BOMBAY.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
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KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI,
MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... ,, 16,600,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Pengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 10,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

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BRANCHES:
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BOMBAY GAZETTE

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, January 16.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols ... 80 1-8+3-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs...25-26 1-2 unchgd
3 per cent. Rentes ... ...97 1-2 unchgd
£ 1-2 per cent, Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ... ...85 1-2 unchgd
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent... ... 64 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) ... ...1-3-15 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot ... ... 24 12-16—3-16
Do. 2 months hence ... 25—3-16
Closing Tone of Silver—Fall caused by Indian selling.
Berlin Cheques on London ...20-46 1-2—1-2
Discount Bank of Rate 4 1-2 p.c. since. 1-12-10
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight.. 3 3-4 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight. 3 5-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 4 1-8—1-8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...4 1-4 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ... ... 3 1-8 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans ... 3 1-2 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ... 77 9—1-8

MANCHESTER, January 16.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots Moderate demand, Quiet,
Futures ... Quiet.
East Indian ... Quiet.
Manchester Firm demand at firm rates.
Sales of East Indian ... 100
Total Sales ... 8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export 500
Imports ... 32,000
Mid-Americans ... 8-04—1
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown 11 1-16 unchgd

	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
Cotton Delivery	7·83	7·84	7·85
	— 3	— 3	— 3
Mid. Uplands	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
	7·85	7·85	7·84
G. O. C.	— 4	— 4	— 3
	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.
Liverpool	7·81	7·81	7·26
	— 4	— 4	— 1

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Yarn ... 12 1-4
George Mayalls Twist ... 12 1-4

Grey Shirtings, 44-42 in. by 38 yds 16 by 15 at 8-10
Do. 44 in. by 38-38 1-2 yds. 9 lbs. at 9-3
White Shirtings 40-41 in.by 40 yds 18 square at 11
Do. Nainsooks 43 in. by 19 yds. 22 by 21 at 6-9

NEW YORK, January 13.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	34,000
Do Last year ...	15,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	22,000
Do. Exports to Continent ...	25,000

Futures at New York ..... } Declined owing to
March 14-74—11 } longs unloading
Do at New York ..... } and to unfavourable
May 14-93—10 } cables.

Spot Cotton at New York ... 14-30—10
Demand Bills ... 4-85 7-8+1-8
Silver Commercial Bars ... 53 3-4—3-8

NEW ORLEANS.—

Closing Tone of Spot Cotton—15 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton—Quiet.
Futures—Month of March ... 14-91— 9
Do " May ... 15-10— 10

LONDON, Jan. 17.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengals ... ... d 6 16-32
F. G. Bengals ... ... d 6 20-32
Fine Bengals ... ... d 6 24-32
Good Bhownagger ... ... d 7 2-32
F. G. Bhownagger ... ... d 7 6-32
Fine Bhownagger ... ... d 7 10-32
Fine M. G. Bhownagger... ... ... d 7 10-32
F. G. Oomras ... ... d 7 14-32
Good Oomras ... ... d 7 18-32
Fine Oomras ... ... d 7 22-32
Good M. G. Oomras ... ... d 7 14-32
Fine M. G. Oomras ... ... d 7 22-32
F. G. Broach ... ... d 7 20-32
Good Broach ... ... d 7 26-32
Fine Broach ... ... d 7 30-32
Good Khandeish ... ... d 6 30-32
F. G. Khandeish... ... ... d 7 2-32
F. G. F. Tinnevelly ... ... d 7 16-32

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi ... 33
Do Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do Name of Ports—London.
Do Whether Sellers, &c.—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat—Easier.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Wheat Rosario ... 34 1-4
Do Months—Jan.—Sellers—Done.

SEEDS.

Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs, ex-ship ... 71 1-2
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done.
Tone of Linseed.—Firmer.
Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship, ... 49
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 46 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship ... 41 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Easier.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 68
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Hamburg—Buyers.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 7 1—Value.—Dull.

COFFEE.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality). ...13 5-8—1-8

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags ... 11-1 1-2
Months of Shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Steady.

BOMBAY, January 17.

EXCHANGE.

Market is steady.
We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready 1s. 4 3-32d. to 1s 4 1-32d
D. D. Mail ... 1s. 4 1-32d.
T. T. Forward 1s. 4 1-16d. Mar.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... 1s. 4 3-16d.
Credits 3 m/s " ... 1s. 4 11-32d.
" " Forward ...1s. 4 1-4d. Apl
" 6 m/s Ready ... 1s. 4 15-32d.
Francs 3 m/s " ... 171 3-4
Marks 3 m/s " ... 139 1-2
90 d/s. Hongkong ... 133 3-4
" Shanghai ... 179 3-4
" Japan ... 149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper market has to-day dropped. The rates opened at 95-1 ready and 95-2 forward and gradually declined to 94-14 and 94-15 respectively at which rates there were buyers at the close.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London, both for ready and forward, was 3-16 down and New York also declined by 3-8.

Locally silver market opened at Rs. 72-1-0. London market having sellers from India had declined, which caused our market to be quiet and demand being continued prices advanced by two annas and closed at Rs. 72-3-0. Demand for ready was moderate as usual and about 60 to 70 cases changed hands.

Gold market remained dull, upcountry and local demand seemed meagre and prices fluctuated by quarter to half an anna. Sovereigns were in moderate demand as usual and prices remained unchanged.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	6	0
97 touch Chintu	23	6	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch			
	23	15	9
National Bank	24	0	0
Chartered Bank	23	15	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	1	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	0
English Gold	24	0	0
Native Bullion	23	14	6
Indian Specie Bank	23	14	0

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny 72 7 0
117 Penny Ready 72 4 0
Local per tola 0 11 6

FUTURES.

First Settlement 72 2 0
Second do 72 3 0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed—Firm. London price was 6d. up. There being good demand prices for ready and forward advanced by an anna.

Rapeseed—Steady. London price was unchanged, demand seemed good and prices advanced by an anna.

Wheat—Quiet. London price was unchanged, and prices remained steady.

Cottonseed, Castorseed, Groundnuts and Gingellyseed.—Quiet. Enquiries were moderate and prices remained unchanged.

Poppyseed and Mowrasseed—Steady. Demand seemed nominal and prices closed steady.

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., on Monday, 16th January, 1911 :—

Wheat	... ...	16,251 cwts
Linseed	... ...	28,492 "
Rapeseed	... ...	306 "
Gingellyseed	... ...	3,123 "
Poppyseed	... ...	41,372 "
Groundnuts	... ...	261 "
Castorseed	... ...	14,277 "
Rice	... ...	5,622 "
Myrabollams	... ...	12,731 "
Cottonseed	... ...	4,550 "
Mowrasseed	... ...	17,316 "
Gram	... ...	62 "
Joowar	... ...	3,734 "
Maize	... ...	1,499 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,562	1-2
India	64	
Indian Specie	53	1-2

MILLS.

David	361	1-4
Manockji Petit	2,665	
Kohinoor	622	1-2
Standard	947	1-2

PRESS.

New Mofussil 812 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	18	1-4
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	119	
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	170	
Treacher and Co.	490	

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley 482 1-2

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 4 points down, New York 10 down and New York Futures declined by 11 and 10.

Our market at Colaba was dull and demand from the mills and exporters being meagre prices for ready declined by Rs. 2 to 3.

Liverpool Opener showed 1 to 2 points down.

Market for New Crop was easier and there being more sellers prices declined by Rs. 3 to 4.

Business in Good Broach was done at Rs. 365 in the morning but sellers being continued declined to Rs. 362 at the close.

We learn of the following purchase :—

300	W Wolf and Sons	Bengal	302-305
100	B Spinner and Co	Khamgaon	368
100	Bombay Co	Sailu	356
150	Gill and Co	Shirpur	340
700	Bussan M K	Chopda	358
100	B Goculdass & Co	Aurangabad	340
100	A Moritz Co	Balapur	362

Bengal Hand Gin Fine	327
" F Good	314
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	336
" F Good	323
Sind Punjab Fine	334
" F Good	321
Khandesh Fine	357
" F Good	345
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	376
" F Good	366
Akola Khangaum Fine	369
" F Good	359
Amraoti Fine	369
" F Good	359
Veotmal Fine	383
" F Good	373
Nagpore Fine	388
" F Good	378
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	390
" F Good	380
Methia Fine	356
" F Good	344
Broach Gin Fine	385 March
" F Good	375
Broach Gin Good	365
Sawginned Good	380 May
Comptah Gin	352 "
Westerns H. G	361 "
Do M G	357 "

LIVERPOOL, January 17.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales ...	19,000
Total Imports ...	28,600

Future Delivery Prices :—

Jan.—Feb.	7·81— 2
Feb.—Mar.	7·82— 2
Mar.—Apl.	7·83— 2
Apl.—May	7·83— 2
May—June	7·83— 2
June—July	7·83— 2
July—Aug.	7·80— 1
Aug.—Sept.	7·79— 2
Sep.—Oct.	7·74— 2

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Monday, Jan. 16.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullion Rs.	Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Coin. Other Coin. Rs.
82 Bars	1,50,272	.....	.....
712 do	13,50,000	.....	.....
1 do	13,50,000	.....	.....

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
1 Parcel ...	72	.....	.....
1 do ...	40	.....	.....

Importers.	Vessels.	From
The P & O S N & Co.....	Delhi	London
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	Marmora	do
P Eoychund & Sons ...	Delhi	do
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 14th January, 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	48	58,351
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	73	85,875

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas-Jhudo Feeder for the week ending 31st December, were Rs. 2,460, making the total earnings for the period 1st January 1910 to 31st December 1910—Rs. 96,425.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—31 bales wool, M Madongopal; 50 bales wool M Ruttonsee; 12 bales wool and 3 bales goat skins, R Moloobhoy.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—1,007 cwts myrabolams K Kesaw.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—1,000 cwts gingellyseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 12,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—278 cwts drygingers R Assaria and Co; 2,000 cwts mussor, Ralli Bros; 59 bales hemp, T Morrison and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Bassano s—196 bales cotton waste, H Bhojnath and Co, Tuscarora s—30 cwts cashewnuts, R Jeewandass.

FOR POST SAID.

Orwell s—110,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

FOR HULL.

Bussano s.—29,625 cwts cottonseed, L Pragji; 400 cwts dillseed Baner and Krause; 2,000 cwts cotterseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Lord Cromer s—12,000 cwts cottonseed, W Becker, Achlibster s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, T Canjee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chybassa s—2,500 tons manganese ore, Killiek Nixon and Co; 2001 cwts gingellyseed, John Facheri; 810 bales cotton, A Biscobek and Co; 770 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 605 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co,

Etonia s—90 cwts hemp, R Reeve and Co,

FOR HAMBURG.

Frienfels s—155 cwts hemp R Reeve and Co; 72 cwts turmeric, Chotalal Ootamchand; 20 cwts castorseed, G Suchidina; 495 bales cotton, Guddam and Co; 10 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co; 1,007 cwts myrabollams, and 1125 cwts crushed myrabollams, K. Kesaujee and Co.

Marienfels s—550 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1,000 cwts myrabolams, Parikh Bros and Co; 880 bales cotton, A Biaschaek and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Rollesby s—340 bales cotton, and 2,000 cwts [illegible] seed, Ralli Bros; 440 bales cotton, A Blaschec[illegible] d Co; 825 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 2[illegible] bales cotton, The Bombay Company.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Din of Airlie s—1,000 tons manganesecre, Shaw [illegible]ace and Co.

FOR GOTHENBURG.

Bassano s—55 bales cotton Ewart Latham and Co; 440 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR AORRKOPIN[illegible]

Bassano s—220 bales cotton, Gaddum [illegible]

FOR MALNO[illegible]

Bassano s—110 bales cotton, Gadd[illegible]

FOR BREM[illegible]

Marienfels s—55 bales cotton, V[illegible]os.

FOR VEN[illegible]

Rollesby s—200 bales cotton[illegible]z and Co; 100 bales cotton, The Bombay Company.

FOR BA[illegible]A.

Scindia s—300 bales cotton[illegible]nd Co,

FOR [illegible]

Arcadia s—400 bales c[illegible]alli Bros; 100 bales cotton, The Mitsui [illegible]aisha.

FOR [illegible]KONG.

Arcadia s—5 chests [illegible]anga Mahined Shamze.

FO[illegible]GHAI.

Arcadia s—14 ches[illegible] Corimbhoy Ebrahim and Co; 13 chest[illegible] Bomanjee and Co,

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER HORSE.

GARRISON ORDERS.

BY MA[illegible]E LIEUTENANT THE HONBLE SIR H. E. E. P[illegible] A.D.C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 18th January, Camp of Instruction.

I. Mr[illegible]alli Thomas Starrock having joined is taken [illegible]trength and posted to "B" Troop.

2 It is notified for information that the Annual Camp opens at Santa Cruz on Saturday evening next, the 21st instant and closes with the General Officer Commanding's Inspection on the morning of 6th February.

Lieut., D. W. WILSON,
Actg.-Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL A. K. LESLIE V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 18th January.

20. Parades—Nos 1 and 2 Companies 6 inch Mk VII Gun Drill at Middle Ground on Saturday 21st instant at 5 p.m.

Dress Khaki and Helmets.

21. Parades—D R F Specialists and Dial Numbers of both Companies will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m. and proceed to Middle Ground for instruction under the Adjutant.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

23. Parades—Proficiency Class and Recruits at B V A Club at 7 p.m. on Thursday 19th instant.

Subject :—Company Drill.

Dress :—Plain Clothes.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut. R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

(a) The Annual Christmas Tree and Entertainment to the children of the Club and Corps Members will be held in the Club Room on Saturday 21st January at 4-30 p.m. The names of children intending to be present must reach the Honorary Secretary B V A Club on Wednesday evening 18th instant at latest on the Postcards provided. No names will be received after that date.

(b) A B V A Subscription Dance will be held in the Town Hall commence at 9-30 p.m. on Wednesday 25th instant, Admission by ticket only. Prices—For members of the Corps Rs. 2. For non-members Rs. 3. Each ticket includes free admission for one lady. Extra ladies ticket Re. 1. Tickets can be obtained (a) Head-Quarters (b) Sergeants of Corps (c) B V A Club.

(c) There will be a Meeting of the Regimental Committee at the B V A Club on Monday 23rd January at 7 p.m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 18th January.

Detail for the week ending 21st instant.

To-day Wednesday the 18th instant.—Commanding Officer's parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's statue at 6 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with caps.

Subject—Company Drill and Fire Discipline and Skirmishing. Paras 45 to 85. Infantry Training 1905 (Reprinted with amendments 1908).

Thursday the 19th instant.—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. and at 6-30 p.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

II. Proficiency Class will be held at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

Friday the 20th instant.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

II. "E" Coy. Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order Mufti.

59. Musketry—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are available for Class-firing for adults as under :—

Thursday 19th inst parts I and II and Standard Test D Coy.

Friday 20th inst Standard Test Any Company.

Saturday 21st inst Parts I and II Any Company.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Rifle Club Classification Range—The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted to the Rifle Club Matches 9 to 12 as under :—

Saturday 21st instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 1-50 p.m.

Sunday 22nd instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

II. Miniature Range—Matches 5 and 6 will be fired at Head-Quarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 6 to 7-30 p.m. and Saturdays from 3 to 5-30 p.m.

60. Rifle Meeting—It is notified for information that the Battalion Rifle Meeting will take place early in March and only efficient members are allowed to compete.

61. Camp of Instruction—It is notified for information that the Annual Camp of Instruction will take place at Santa Cruz from the 28th January to 4th February 1911.

The General Officer Commanding will make his annual Inspection of the Corps on Saturday the 4th February.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect	Via Turkey Perfect	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 17th January, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	16	8	p.m.	18	45
Teheran ...	17	11	55 a.m.	8	5
Suez	17	2	15 p.m.	0	40

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim Kassala without additional charge (20-6-09).

Ahwaz line interrupted between Ramhormaz and Ahwaz (23-11-10).

Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian Indian frontier between Lucknow and Suifu (16-1-1)

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[illegible] Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 2 for [illegible]ty lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER [illegible]OTICES.

BIRTH.

DE SAUSMAREZ—January 5, at Rawalpindi, wife of Major C De Sausmarez, D S O, R A, General Staff, of a daughter.

YOUNG—January 12, [illegible]imakusi Tea Estate, Mangaldai, Assam, the wife of J W Young, of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p. m.

Chamber of Commerce Election of Deputy Chairman.

Permanent Way Inspector's visit to Railway works.

Miss Brown[illegible]ng's Lecture on "The Life of the Disciple," Theosophical Hall, 6-30 p. m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m. Star Film, "The Flag of Company H."

Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies' Session 9 to 10 a. m.; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m.; 8-30 to 11 p. m.

Maxim : "Nothing great was ever achieved without enthusiasm."—Emerson.

ENGLISH MAILS.

P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English Mails of the 6th instant, which left Aden at 6 p. m., on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at midnight on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's. steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour, on Saturday next.

BAND NOTICE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. H. A. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion Royal Warwickshire Rifles will perform at the Esplanade Bandstand at 6 p.m., this evening (Wednesday), in place of Saturday, at the Victoria Gardens.

MONURRUM IN KATHIAWAR.—Our Bhavnagar correspondent writes :—The Mohurrum festival concluded in Bhavnagar peacefully. The Police Superintendent had issued a notice, enjoining the tolliwalas and those going to see the taboot procession not to carry a stick.

LECTURE.—Miss K. Browning, M.A., will lecture in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (21, Hornby Road, Fort) this (Wednesday) evening, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) Subject :—"The Life of the Disciple." Mr. J. J. Vimadalal M.A., LL.B., solicitor, will preside. The lecture is open to the public, and seats will be reserved for ladies.

BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Figott, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. G. W. Salter, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) this evening :—

March	The Stars and Stripes ... Souza
Valse	Venus on Earth ..... Lincke
Entracte	Rose Garlands..... Raymond
Selection	The Belle of New York... Kerker
Serenade	Alma di Dios ..... Serrano
Selection	All Trumps..... Neat
Maori Moon Song	Kiwi ..... Reeves

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.), this evening :—

March	Myrella la Jolie ..... Berniaux
Overture ...	Flotte Burshe..... Suppe
A Bell Gavotte	Les Cloches de St. Malo... Rumner
B Characteristic. Piece	The Butterfly ..... Bendix
Selection ...	Havana ..... Leslie Stuart
Valse	La Valse d'Amour ..... Cremieux
Grand Fantasia	Songs & Dances of Northern Europe ..... Kuhner
Descriptive Piece	The Virginia Skedaddle... Rosenfeld

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	4
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dungri	2	0	14
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	1	1	19
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	10
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	1	15
F Parel, Sewree and Sion....	1	0	8
G Mahim and Worli	0	1	12
Harbour.....	0	0	0
Hospital	0	0	9
Total.....	6	4	91
This day last year	5	4	74

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

January 17th, 1911.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	181	28	2
B	106	67	2
B	260	127	6
C	149	88	2
D	130	25	0
E	170	42	0
E	102	83	2
F	53	13	0
G	48	4	0
Total ...	1,190	411	33
Same date last year			1,667

TO END THE TORMENT OF PILES.

Nothing is more tormenting than piles. They make work almost impossible. It is agonising to move or sit down. Piles are dangerous, too, because if neglected they often lead to fistula. If you have piles, itching, bleeding or protruding, the earlier you begin with Doan's Ointment the easier your cure will be, and you will save yourself from untold misery and suffering. Doan's Ointment is a certain cure ; it has triumphed in hundreds of cases where every other treatment has failed.

Mrs. S. Parker, of 10, Victoria Cottages, Milton Square, Margate, England, says :—"I am very pleased to tell you that I have received great good from Doan's Ointment. I suffered two years from piles ; the bearing-downpains were dreadful, and I lost a lot of blood. Often I had to give up work and lie down, and at last I was obliged to seek medical advice. I got no better, however, and began to grow low-spirited and feeble.

"Hearing of Doan's Ointment I got some to try, and was surprised at the ease it gave me. I can now say it has done me more good than anything I have ever used, and I feel better than I have done for a long time. (Signed) (Mrs.) S. Parker."

7 1-2 years later Mrs. Parker wrote :—"I am glad to tell you that I am still free from the old trouble."

Doan's Ointment is sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per pot, or 6 pots for Rs. 10-8-0 or from Doan's Medicines, P. O. Box 20, Bombay.

MR. Theodore Roosevelt has been elected a corresponding, member of the Royal Zoological Society.

M. Jaurez, the French Socialist leader, has been engaged for a lecturing tour in the Argentina.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

BOMBAY COTTON MILLS.

Liability on Calls.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell heard the suit brought by the Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited against Navivahoo and others to recover Rs. 19,125 with interest and costs being the amount due on the first instalment on a call on 153 partly paid-up shares of the Company.

Mr. J. D. Davar, with the Advocate-General and Mr. E. B. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Jamsetji, Rustomji and Davidass, appeared for the first defendant ; Mr. J. D Inverarity and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Company, were for the other defendants.

The plaint stated that one Dharamsey Purshotam, husband of the first defendant, was a registered member of the Company in respect of 153 fully paid-up and 153 partly paid up shares of the Company. The first defendant was the surviving executrix of the last will of Dharamsey who died in June 1894. When the Company went in liquidation the name of the first defendant as executrix was placed on the list of contributories. She applied to the Chamber Judge to have her name removed from the list. On 4th December, 1909, Mr. Justice MacLeod dismissed the application. The Company under a scheme had now been taken out of liquidation the directors in July last and thereby made a call of Rs. 375 per share on the partly paid up shares of Rs. 500 each (on which Rs. 125 had been paid) requiring the members of the Company to pay the amount of the call by three instalments of Rs, 125 each to be payable on or before 1st September 1910, 3rd November 1910 and 10th January 1911 respectively. Due notice of it was given to the first defendant. By two letters, the defendant was called upon to pay the first instalment of Rs. 125 per share in respect of the call on the 153 partly paid up shares, but the defendant had failed to pay the same. The sum due was Rs. 19,125. They, therefore, claimed the amount with interest and costs.

The defendants Nos. 2 to 5, in their joint written statement, said that the second defendant was the daughter of a pre-deceased wife of Dharamsey and defendants Nos. 3 to 5 were her children. The defendants were legatees under the will of the deceased Dharamsey and interested in his estate according to the provisions of his will. The statement that Dharamsey was a member in respect of the 153 partly paid up shares was incorrect and misleading and they denied that the amount claimed was due and owing to the plaintiffs by the first defendant as executrix of the deceased. They alleged that Dharamsey during his lifetime was the owner of 160 fully paid up shares in the Company of which seven shares were sold after his death. In 1906, the company made large profits and a dividend at the rate of Rs. 125 per share was declared. Simultaneously with the declaration of the dividend, it was resolved by the Company to increase its capital by the issue of 1,200 new shares of Rs. 500 each, of which Rs. 125 only would be payable in the first instance. The dividend which came to Rs. 1,925 which or in any event a major portion of it was to go to the first defendant, personally under the will of the deceased. The first defendant, instead of taking the dividend in cash, allowed the same to be invested in the purchase of the 153 shares of the new issue. The application for the allotment of the shares was signed by the first defendant in her capacity as executrix which, the defendants submitted, she had no authority or right to do and they contended that the first defendant was personally liable to pay the amount of such calls and the estate was not liable to pay the same. Without prejudice to these contentions, the defendants said that the 153 shares came to be purchased by the first defendant under the following circumstances :—Dwarkadass Dharamsey and Purshotam Jeevandass who were both directors of the Company in 1906 and members of the agents' firm requested the first defendant to take up the 153 shares of the new issue in lieu of the sum due to her for dividend. The first defendant at first declined to take up the new shares, whereupon Dwarkadass and Purshotam represented to her that she should at first agree to take up the 153 part paid up new shares and that soon after the shares were issued, she Company would convert four part paid up shares into one fully paid up share of Rs. 500 and allot to her only as many fully paid up shares of the new issue as would make up the amount of Rs. 19,125 due to her for dividend. They, therefore, submitted that fraud and misrepresentation were practised on the first defendant and, therefore, the purchase was not binding on the first defendant as executrix. They, therefore, submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

Mr. Wadia for the first defendant said his client did not wish to defend the suit. Upon this counsel for the plaintiffs asked for a decree against her. Mr. Inverarity, for the rest of the defendants, objected to this and said that the first defendant was personally liable. The plaintiffs agreed to take a decree against the first defendant personally and his Lordship accordingly passed a decree against Navivahoo personally. The question of her liability as executrix was allowed to stand over for arguments.

The suit against the other defendants was then proceeded with.

Mr. Inverarity said he was not going to rely on the defence of fraud and misrepresentation and raised no issue on it. Mr. Davar raised an issue to the effect whether the question as to the liability of the first defendant as executrix was not "res judicata" having regard to the fact that Mr. Justice Macleod had gone into it very fully in December 1909 and the defendants had not appealed against his order.

Mr. Davar then opened the case for the plaintiffs, the hearing of which is proceeding.

HEAVY MORTGAGE CLAIM.

Mr. Lowndes to Arbitrate.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell disposed of the suit brought by Haji Ahmeb Hassam against Essaji Tajbhoy, to recover Rs. 5,69,166 on a mortgage and costs.

Mr. J. D. Inverarity, with the Advocate-General Mr. E. B. Raikes and Mr. G. R. Lowndes, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, appeared for the plaintiffs. Mr. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan and Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Company, were for the defendant.

The plaint stated that by a mortgage of January 1908, the defendant mortgaged to the plaintiff his several immoveable properties to secure payment of Rs. 4,00,000 l

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Forseus .....Comdr Beatz Powell...Royal Navy
H.M S Redbreast...Lt Comdr Hon R O B Bridgeman... Royal Navy
R I M S Elphinstone .....Lt Comdr A St C Bowden... R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 17.

Uyufbeline.....2940 Gilchrist...W & A Graham & Co
Canterbury.....2733 Willis.....T Morrison & Co
Den of Airlie .....2270 Robertson .....T Morrison & Co
Dwarka .....759 Moxon..... M M & Co
Ethiopia.....1305 Johnson ....
Fakhri.....2355 Revill .....E A M Jeewanji
Jenna.....3073 Macdonald .....F F Campbell
Multra.....2985 Tallent ..... M M & Co
Norfolk.....3175 Erland.....W & A Graham & Co
Nowshera .....1961 Rose ....M M & Co
Oceana.....3507 Andrews.....P & O S N Co
Othello.....3327 Webster...repairing...J Finlay & Co
Onda .....3521 Brooks ..... M M & Co
Obra .....3521 Brooks..... M M & Co
Rahmany .....1872 ..... B & P S N Co
Trowbridge.....2389 Mars .....Liverpool .....W & A Graham & Co
Umballa.....3426 Bait.....Bangoon .....20 1... M M & Co
Vadala.....2164 Rolins ..... M M & Co
Vellore .....3168 Plough..... .....
Wallace.....2532 Erskine..... .....
Zambesi .....2415 Willis.....T Morrison & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 17.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Tuscarora	3906	Hallenshead	Philadelphia	26-1	W & A Graham &Co
B Bassano	2762	Boxhall	Hull via Karachi	23-1	J Finlay & Co
C&R City of Glasgow	4179	Findlay	Karachi	25 1	K Nixon & Co
D & E Hurst	2999	Moody	N F		J Finlay & Co
F Umta	3494	Phillips	Calcutta	17 1	M M & Co
H Firozi	2029	Primrose	B S Ports	19 1	B & P S N & Co
M Homayun	2154	Molony	Jeddah	18 1	B & P S N & Co
N Lord Cromer	2353	Polkinhorn	Hull	28 1	W & A Graham & Co
O Orwell	2445	Home	N F	27 1	T Morrison & Co
P Marienfels	3509	Pothhost	Hamburg via K'chi	26 1	W & A G & Co
Q Hild	719	Salvesen	Bangkok	17 1	F F Campbell & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Chyebassa	2992	Waige	Antwerp	20 1... M M & Co
2	Scindia	3253	Kelso	Liverpool	25 1... W & A Graham & Co
6	Achlibster	2820	Galt	Hull	22 1... W & A Graham & Co
8	Rollesby	2530	Mackenzie	Trieste	20 1... A L S N Co
9	Freisefels	3545	Diedrichoen	Karachi	19-1 W & A Graham & Co
10&11	Arcadia	3314	Barcham	Shanghai	18-1... P & O Co
12&13	Marmora	5239	Weston	Shanghai	15 2... P & O S N Co
14	Lhasa	941	McDiarmid	Karachi	20-1... M M & Co
15	Kola	510	Morrison	Busreh	19 1... M M & Co
16	Etonian	2144	Davies	London	28 1... T Morrison & Co

H W P D

Courland	760	Ebrahim	Gulf Port	19-1... Bo S N & Co Ld
Mahanadi	547	Ahmed	N F...N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani	552	Hoosein	B'nager	18 1... Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Samsoodin	Mangalore	20 1... Bo S N Co Ld

M W D D

Assaye	4350	Jones	Shanghai	1 2... P & O S N & Co

Offside Q

Moshtari	1100	Watson	Zanzibar	20-1... B & P S N Co

30 ton Crane.

Dredger Jinga	401			17 1...B P Trust

Dock Gate.

Caledonia	3529	Haywood	London	28 1... P & O S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
16	Elialine	Newton	Calcutta Jan 4
17	R I M S Dalhousie	Mitchell	Karwar Jan 13
	R I M S Dufferin	Dobson	Rangoon Jan 10
	Warconga	Bamber	Busreh Jan 4
	Naderi	Gore	Jedah Dec 23
	Hakata Maru	Mockie	Kobe Dec 18
	Merton Hall	Pease	Liverpool Dec 22
	Africa	Seberich	Trieste Jan 1

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
17	Hild	Salvesen	Bangkok &c
	Islavda	McClelland	Galle
	R I M S Dufferin.	Dobson	Karachi
	Fakhri	Pigot	Jedah
	Umta	Phillips	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—
Steamer Vadala, Robins, for Calcutta, &c.
„ Homayun, Malony, for Jedah.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Den of Airlie, for Liverpool, &c,
„ Merton Hall, for Manchester, &c.
„ City of Glasgow, for Liverpool via Karachi.
„ Warconga, for Persian Gulf, &c.
„ Australien, for Marseilles.
„ Wallace, for Liverpool, &c.
a To arrive.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Mombassa, left Liverpool on the evening of the 13th and the 14th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Berbera, left Port Said on the afternoon of the 15th instant and the same steamer left Suez on the afternoon of the 16th instant and the same Co's steamer Canara, left Port Said on the evening of the 15th instant.

The P and O S N Co's steamer Mores, arrived Suez from Colombo, on the morning of the 15th instant.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Africa," Jan. 17.

The following passengers arrived here by the Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Africa" from Trieste and intermediate porta yesterday morning :—

Albers, Mr
Akermann, Dr
Alexander, Mr
Bingham, Capt
Buegel, Mr
Blum, Mr J
Beckmann, Mr H
Barker, Mr
Bruckmann, Mr
Brandys, Mr J
Cohn, Mr C
Cuerdon, Mrs and child
Cowley, Mr R M
Codrington, Mr J R
Denwary, Mr Mitry S
Dawson, Col and Mrs H
Enderlin, Mr T
Freedrich, Mr M
GnanMrs E and 5 children
Greenstidel, Miss
Hiergle, Mr K
Hanmstrao, Mr K
Hammond, Mr A
Holliday, Miss
Jetze, Mr D
Jochen, Mrs and 2 children
Jacobs, Mr Mah
Inamye, Mr M
Kranschitz, Mr
Lawyer, Mr K N
Lal, Mr.
Lloyd, Capt W H
Lochner, Mr C
Klein, Mr and Mrs Alfred
Melbye, Mr F H
Master, Mr J R
Meiswart, Dr
Mueller, Mr and Mrs L
Neumeister, Mr
Purvis, Col and Mrs
Peterson Rev, H
Prip, Mr P
Richter, Dr R
Richter, Dr V
Schober, Mr R
Sevier, Mrs E
Stiasny, Mr E
Tschavoll, Mr C
Tschan, Mrs E
Windgens, Mr M
Theobold, Rev
Weber, Mr M

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from "Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning :—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Alsion are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists Grocers, etc.

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BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, made to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Foliage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

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Adelphi Hotel Compound, Clare Road,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS

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H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA

AND

H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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P. O. BOX 239.

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BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg	4 12 2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 8 2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 8 0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 23 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan

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BLUTHNER.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 18th January 1911.

SIR IAN HAMILTON AND COMPULSORY SERVICE.

SIR IAN HAMILTON'S book on Compulsory Service, which Reuter told us yesterday had entered upon its second edition is, in reality, the joint production of Sir Ian and Mr. Haldane and constitutes the official case against Compulsory Service. "Interest in the question of compulsory military service in these islands is very general, and it is important that materials for forming a judgment on the subject should be before the public." Thus Mr. Haldane opens his contribution to the work. It is of importance that such materials should be available, but unfortunately in this work all the materials are not given and those which are, Colonel Callwell, in "Blackwood," declares, are not calculated to aid the ordinary man in arriving at a correct conclusion. With large portions of it the generality of soldiers will find themselves in substantial agreement. "But it contains many passages which are open to criticism and some of the statements which find a place in it do not seem to be fully warranted by actual facts." And Colonel Callwell complains that in reference to its treatment of conscription sufficient distinction is not made between Continental compulsory service and Swiss compulsory service. Consequently the reader is unable to judge of the merits and demerits of either. Facts are passed over in silence which have an important bearing upon the matter under consideration and other facts "so treated that, in the form in which they are presented, they almost cease to be facts." The chief objection to this method is that the author of the memorandum is an official personage and that being so, bare plain facts only should be given, and anything resembling special pleading most studiously be avoided. But when the ex-Adjutant-General deals with Continental conscription he takes a one-sided view of the matter and commits himself to statements and opinions "which had better not have seen the light in a paper emanating from such a source." The recruiting problem is one most seriously affecting the difficulty and it is recognised that without a sufficient number of men are forthcoming the over-seas and home forces cannot be maintained.

"My view is clear," says Sir Ian Hamilton, "that the present type of recruit would not take on in anything approaching his present numbers" were the scheme of the National Service League to be introduced. The scheme is that youths between the ages of eighteen and nineteen shall be liable to undergo from four to six months' compulsory training in one year, after which they are to join the Territorial Army, undergoing fifteen days' compulsory training in each of the three succeeding years. How Sir Ian arrives at the conclusion that the adoption of this plan would stop the supply of recruits for the regulars is not clear. He assumes that the four to six months' compulsory training would take place in the winter months and says that, in consequence of this, most of those who under present conditions enlist in the early months of the year, would at that time be paid and housed and clothed by the State. But as it happens, less than half of the annual recruiting contingent consists of youths between eighteen and nineteen—forty per cent. in 1909—so that not most, but less than half, of the recruits who join in the winter months will be affected. Would the experiences thus gained, asks the memorandum, be likely to tempt 35,000 of them, or admitting the doubtful assumption that our recruiters are still able to pick up ten thousand youths in the open market, say 25,000 of them to take up the military career as a profession? Well, the Army Annual Report for 1909, for which Sir Ian Hamilton was responsible, shows that in the whole of the year he only got 13,871 recruits of between eighteen and nineteen. The Memorandum informs us that about three-fifths of the recruits for the regulars enlist during the winter months, whilst rather less than half of the total annual contingent consists of youths of this particular age. Therefore from one quarter to a third of the contingent are youths of this age, who enlist in the winter months. That would represent about ten thousand out of the total of thirty-five thousand who compose the annual recruit contingent and these ten thousand would, under the National Service League plan, be housed and clothed and paid at that particular season. Yet the memorandum says that the experiment of 1902-4 is pretty conclusive that the present type of recruit would not join the regulars in anything like same numbers as is the case at present.

Colonel Callwell shows that the attempt to prove that a short period of compulsory training, were it to be introduced, would gravely prejudice recruiting for the regular army, completely fails. Further he contends that if youths were called upon to undergo their compulsory training when seventeen, instead of eighteen, as the National Service League contemplates, the only serious argument that Sir Ian Hamilton brings forward falls at once to the ground; for in that case they would not be paid and housed and clothed just at the time when they would otherwise be providing an especially fruitful source of supply to the recruiting agencies. Sir Ian Hamilton is sanguine as to the future of the citizen force as at present constituted; but he does not fully realise the obstacles which stand in the way of its attaining military efficiency. He refers to the provision of the requisite rifle and artillery ranges as an improvement that will take place automatically; but experience so far has not shown very much progress towards their provision. A point which requires elucidation is that referring to finance. The Memorandum accentuates the increased charges which a compulsory system is presumed to give rise to and then refers in appreciative terms to certain estimates arrived at by the Assistant Financial Secretary at Headquarters. This official provides, however, for the annual fortnightly trainings of a territorial army with a peace establishment of 550,000, whereas the National Service League proposes a peace establishment of 400,000 for that force, so an error of half a million occurs in his estimates under this head. Thus objections to compulsory service are in the Memorandum based on "the injurious effect which its adoption would exercise over recruiting for the regulars and upon the influence the introduction of such a system into the country may be expected to exert in the direction of substituting a defensive for an offensive war policy. Carried to extremes it might cause such a divergence, but the place of the National Service League as devised by Lord Roberts seems to us so moderate and so carefully prepared—though by no means the last word—that Mr. Haldane and Sir Ian Hamilton have entirely failed to shake it.

A MISCHIEVOUS GOSPEL. We published in our issue of Saturday last a brief summary of a lecture, delivered in London, by Babu Bepin Chandra Pal, on the subject of the unrest in India. Needless to say, we have no desire to advertise either the lecturer or the gentleman who presided; but we are constrained to point to one or two glaring untruths in the speeches delivered. For example, the audience was told by the chairman, that "if we," that is, we presume, the English in India, "adopted Muscovite methods in dealing with people who demanded freedom and the right to carry on the traditions of their country in their own way, we must expect what we should get." We do not think it is necessary to deny that "Muscovite" methods are practised in India, or to emphasise the equally important fact that the peoples of India regard English rule as the source of the great river of peace and concord, the present-day substitute of that of blood in which their forefathers were baptised when force was law, and law merely the ruthless desire of Indian despotism. These facts have been disproved and proved a hundred times. It is, however, a duty to denounce the mischievous conclusion with which the Bengalee speaker marked the end of his harangue. The unrest in India, he said, would disappear if it were recognised that in some years' time, India would be free and left alone. He did not ask the British to have the country at once—he knew they would not if he did so. But there must be a removal of all those repressive laws, which were creating new crimes, and a return to a state of things existing before 1906. To what crimes, and to what repressive laws did he refer? If we remember aright, and Mr. Pal, too, of all men, should remember, the bulk of the crimes and the most heinous of them, against which the repressive legislation of which he complains was directed, were committed not before 1906, but after: that they were largely prevalent only for a couple of years: that the legislation with which they were met, is proving efficacious in the highest degree, and that persistently and continuously the best and most splendid of Indian opinion has been as vehement in its denunciation of them as the Government itself. In this connection we are, of course, faced by the sinister suggestion that the speaker, who was addressing an audience which chiefly consisted of Indian students, meant more than he actually said, in which case we can only regret that he finds it possible to say in England, more than he dared in India. He may, however, be assured that his ideal of freedom is not the ideal of Indians, who know that they are far freer under the beneficent regime of the British than in the days when every man lived because his own particular ruler did not desire his death. From the day, when, in 1831, Lord William Bentinck opened the door of distinction to the peoples of this country, and in 1859, when they were given their first representation in the deliberations of State affairs, to the present the march has been towards conciliation, and, given the sincere co-operation of the people themselves, progress will be maintained until the goal is reached. That goal may not be the one which obsesses the minds of Mr. Pal and his friends, but it is the one that is aimed at by all in this country, Indian or British, who love freedom. It will be neither severance nor separation, and we are happy to think that without even being "left alone," once more to quote the Caxton Hall deliverance, India will definitely dissociate herself from those whose propaganda is in conflict with reasonable aspirations.

IMPORTS OF COCAINE. THE report on the administration of the Excise Department, which has been recently published, is much on the lines of those of previous years, and but for an interesting reference to the traffic in cocaine would not call for any special comment. But recently the cocaine habit has been before the public so much and so frequently, that the remarks of the author of the report are worth consideration. "The illicit traffic in this deadly drug," the report states, "the sale of which for human consumption is absolutely prohibited, shows no sign of abatement. . . . A part of the Excise Staff in that City" (Bombay) "has been especially organized for suppressing this traffic, but, although the result of their exertions has been in a way satisfactory, still it is not as satisfactory as it should be." It is gratifying to know that measures are to be designed to reduce the quantity that may be possessed—six grains in a dry state—but we fear that so long as persons of a certain class in the City and others engaged in sea-borne pursuits engage in the traffic, even this will not be entirely efficacious. During recent months the Excise authorities have engaged in a vigorous campaign among foreign seamen coming to Bombay, and have succeeded in seizing huge quantities of cocaine before it could be passed on to those on shores, who exploit the traffic. But until the authorities can identify the personnel of the large gang of persons on shore engaged in this contraband trade and satisfy them, that the law is sufficiently potent to reach them the "importers" will risk punishment in the hope of landing a consignment which need not be large in bulk or original value to ensure an amazing profit. Fortunately, the authorities, in Bombay, are aware that the European seamen in question have European confederates in the City, and may be trusted to do their utmost to detect them. At the same time prevention is better than cure, and it may suggest itself to those concerned that if the shipmasters are also fined when contraband is discovered on board their vessels, the fact that the fines are distributable, and recoverable, from all members of the crew in rateable proportions to their wages, will have the effect of providing the authorities with many valuable allies on board the ships. We believe this is done on the other side of India, in connection with discoveries of smuggled *ganja*, notably in Rangoon, and that the method has been most satisfactory in its working.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the outward mails of the 6th instant, left Aden at 6 p.m. on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at midnight on Friday next. The mails have been delayed owing to the Suez Canal being blocked.

BABU SURENDRA NATH BANERJEE is stated to be ill with bronchitis at Maniramoore.

AN inquiry is being made into the loss of a parcel containing four revolvers despatched from the Ichapur Rifle Factory to Dibrugarh.

REUTER states that in the replay of Saturday's cup-tie, Woolwich Arsenal beat Clapton Orient on the latter's ground by two goals to one.

REUTER learns that General Botha is visiting London at the end of March. From London, he will go to Kissingen, prior to the Imperial Conference.

AFTER a lapse of nine years, the Agri-Horticultural Society of India will hold a Flower Show at their gardens in Alipore on February 17th and 18th. His Excellency the Viceroy will open the Show.

THE Secretary of State has appointed Mr. J. M. Bottomley, B. A, of Oxford University, to be a Member of the India Educational Service and to fill the chair of Mathematics at the Government College Dacca,

MR. SWINHOE, Second Presidency Magistrate Calcutta, on Monday, convicted a head constable attached to the Shampukar Thana of having wrongfully confined as innocent man in a private house and flogged him. The accused was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE Mahomedan residents of Calcutta will hold a public meeting at Calcutta on Saturday next, under the presidency of Hasi Musjid. Zakaria, to pray the British Government to use the influence with the Government of Russia to withdraw the Russian troops from Persia.

THE "Times" correspondent, at Lima, states that the mediatory Powers have advised Peru to submit the Ecuador boundary dispute to the Hague.

MAJOR-GENERAL Charles S. Sturt, of Muddiford House, North Devon, has died recently, aged seventy-three. He served in the Abyssinian campaign and the Burmese expedition.

An Army Council memorandum has been issued urging officers to keep abreast with aviation development in the direction of the adaptability of aircraft to reconnaissance work.

DESPITE the disputes during the year, the shipbuilding return from the north-east coast for the twelve months approaching completion show that the total aggregate output of tonage was 654,769 as against 494,798 tons last year. On the other hand, the Clyde returns show a falling-off of 8,000 tons.

RECRUITING for the Ancient Order of Hibernians, known as the "Molly Maguires," is being actively undertaken in the south of Ireland. In the city of Cork alone it is said that 2,000 members have been enrolled. Hopes are expressed that the branches of the United Irish League, many of which are in a moribund condition, will be gradually absorbed by the Hibernian Order, and that when the work of organisation is finished the official Nationalists will be in a better position to withstand any encroachment on the part of the adherents of Mr. William O'Brien. On the other hand, there is apparent a tendency in the All-for-Ireland League and the Land and Labour bodies to join forces and thus present a more solid front against the Nationalists.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

HARDY ATHLETES.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 30.

Whilst most people were enjoying the good cheer of Christmas, many hardy athletes were engaged in outdoor competitions. Swimming, walking, running, etc. have all claimed the attention of athletes during the holidays, and the first named sport was held in open water and not in a bath, as some might suppose. The most important running event of late was the 23 miles road race promoted by the Surrey A. C. This drew a representative entry, and again ended in a win for W. Sims of Uxbridge. This natural stayer is a groom, and does his training alone on the roads when his duties for the day are over. His time on Monday was 2 hours, 17 mins., 21 secs., his nearest rival being E. Lupano, an Italian residing in London, who finished about 7 mins. after the winner.

A FINE WALK.

Now that E. Webb has gone to Canada, it looks as though H. E. L. Ross is the best walker in England. He again distinguished himself in the Surrey Walking Club's 18 3-4 miles road race on Boxing Day, when he easily beat the field in 2 hours 37 mins. 6 secs. thereby setting up a new record for the course. Ross has improved since last season and he is expected to take championship rank before long.

PROFESSIONAL RUNNING.

Home sportsmen awaited the result of the 100 yards match between R. E. Walker of South Africa and J. Donaldson of Australia with great interest. Remembering how the latter had beaten Postle and Holway at Johannesburg about a year ago in the reputed time of 9 3-8 secs. few English critics looked beyond him for the the winner. Walker's form in this country last season was not reassuring, and he has not made the improvement one looked for since he won the Olympic 100 metres race. It was disappointing to learn that Walker stumbled and fell when slightly behind at 60 yards, and it is surmised that it was his efforts to hold his speedy rival which led to this. Donaldson's time of 9 5-8 secs. is wonderful, even allowing for the light atmosphere of Johannesburg, and providing it is authentic, stamps the Australian as the fastest 100 yards runner ever known.

BOXING.

The Olympic Annexe presented a wonderful appearance on Monday, when Bill Lang and Jack Burns entered the arena for their 20 rounds contest. The newest home of boxing is a credit to Mr. McIntosh, and his enterprise deserves all credit. About 5,000 spectators attended the contest under notice, many being women. The bout had not been in progress long before it became evident that Lang was the more scientific boxer of the two. His rival showed wonderful pluck, and the manner the American took his punishment, gained him no end of admirers. There was a good deal of holding, which induced Mr. E. Corry, the referee, to enter the ring in the sixth round and remain there until the end. Lang commenced to punish his man very much after the seventh round, and Lang was almost out in the eleventh round, but managed to last it out by clinching. A couple of blows to the jaw led to his toppling over early in the twelfth round, whereon the referee stopped the bout, and so saved a brave man from unnecessary punishment. The winner is probably a better man than many critics think, and the reason the contest lasted as long as it did was partly due to the big 6 oz. gloves in use.

While dealing with boxing matters, mention may be made of the matching of J. Summers of England, and H. Lewis of America, who are to meet at Olympia on January 25, weighing in at 145 lbs. This will mean that the American will have to reduce himself, whilst Summers will be strong and well, he having recently graduated from the light-weight class. Both men are fine boxers and hard hitters, so that a very interesting bout should result.

BILLIARDS.

H. W. Stevenson had a strange experience during his heat of the Burroughes-Watts tournament against Diggle. The latter received 1,000 points start but only failed by a few points to score twice as many as the champion. The winner has shown wonderful form of late, and many people wonder he does not try to win the championship. His health is not over good, and this is why he is not a bidder for blue-ribbon honours, though he may alter his tactics after recent happenings. Stevenson has not been himself for some time, and he would profit by a good rest.

Diggle had made the two highest breaks among English players this season, though they fall well short of the big efforts by Gray of Australia. The latter easily concedes 2,750 points in 8,000 up to G. Nelson in their match at Edinburgh. He again distinguished himself whilst meeting A. Ernshaw yesterday, when he compiled break of 1,143, so equalling his best effort.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

It is a piece of real hard luck for England and F. R. Chapman that the latter should have dislocated his shoulder on Monday. This means that he will not be able to turn out for England against the Rest on January 7 and it is also doubtful if he will be fit to play against Wales.

Many interesting Rugby fixtures claimed attention during the holidays. The previously unbeated Watsonians failed when visiting Swansea, the Welshmen winning by 21 points to 0. This points to the best Welsh Club football being superior to the best in Scotland, though the fact of the Scots playing away from home must be considered. The tourists made a better fight of it against Newport, only going under by 7 points to 6.

ASSOCIATION.

Just when Aston Villa looked likely to go to the top of the League table, the champions came a cropper when visiting Sheffield United on Wednesday. The Villa had drawn (1-1) against Liverpool and beaten (4-1) Bury during the Christmas holidays, thereby getting within a point of Manchester United with two games in hand, but the reverse makes the struggle for the lead more close. Manchester United gained two valuable points when visiting Sunderland, this being the first beating of the season for Sunderland before their own supporters. After this win it was surprising to see the leaders beaten (1-0) on visiting Bradford City.

The result of the many holiday matches leaves Manchester United at the top of the table with a record of 28 points for 20 games, and then come Aston Villa with 27 for 19, Sunderland, 26 for 19, and Bradford City with 25 for 19.

THE SECOND DIVISION.

Once a team loses an unbeaten record, further reverses generally follow. This was again seen in regard to Clapton Orient, as since the team went under for the first time, defeats by Burnley and Leeds City have also had to be faced. This has sadly spoilt the record of the London Club, and Chelsea is now the most favourably placed team in the division. The Stamford Bridge Club does not actually head the table, but claims 25 points for 18 games, as against 27 for 20 by West Bromwich Albion.

THE TURF.

The prospects of some interesting racing between Neil Gow and Lemberg during the next flat racing season have been ended by the decision of Lord Rosebery to retire the former to the stud. The son of Marco Chelandry will be located at Adstock Manor, Bucks, and as his fee will only be 95 guineas, the list of 15 mares, for the first season is likely to be quickly closed.

Neil Gow only raised for two seasons and yet won £21,385, and but for bad luck, this must have been considerably increased. The colt was quite equal to Lemberg when at his best, as instanced by his neck victory in the Two Thousand Guineas, and the dead heat in the Eclipse Stakes.

LAWN TENNIS.

The death of R. F. Doherty, in London, yesterday came as a shock to devotees of the game, few even knowing he was seriously ill. The deceased was generally acknowledged to be the finest player ever known, and his long list of championship honours prove what manner of player he was. He was particularly graceful in his movements, and to see him cope with the most difficult shots in an apparent easy manner, was most disconserting to his rivals. The Big Do style was one to be copied, and thousands of lawn tennis players made him their model.

IN GENERAL.

Mild weather made the holiday race meetings more enjoyable than usual and the attendance was good, Turfites turning up in force at Kempton Park, Wolverhampton, Newbury and elsewhere.

E. Barry competed in the Tyne £100 Christmas sculling handicap, but failed to win his heat.

England proved too strong for Germany in the ice hockey match at Prince's Club on Monday, the home side winning by 8 goals to 3.

The open golf championship of 1911, will be held on the links of the Sandwich Golf Club.

In the Rugby match between Cardiff and Edinburgh University at Cardiff on Tuesday, the former won by 16 points to nil, and yet the score sheet was blank with only 15 minutes remaining for play.

Ireland has lost a good sportsman through the death of J. Widgar. The deceased was a fine horseman in his day, and later met with success as a breeder, Jerry M. being one of his products.

ALLEGED RIGHT OF WAY AT MATUNGA.

Petition to the Collector.

CERTAIN property-owners and residents of Mahim and Matunga have addressed the following petition to the Collector of Bombay regarding the proposed closing of a small roadway at Matunga for the purpose of railway works :—

We, the undersigned property-holders and residents of Matunga and Mahim, approach you, under the provisions of Sec. 31, clause (3), with a request that you may please write to the Government for sanction, and make an arrangement with us, by awarding us an equivalent right of way either by way of an over-bridge over this passage, or by a footbridge over this passage, and a diversion with a level crossing at the shortest possible distance.

2. We submit that our claim to compensation is an invaluable one, and can only be adequately satisfied by an equivalent right of way and by nothing else. It is not true that this public right of way has no market value; on the contrary it has an immense market value. The market value is that price, which a prudent buyer would pay for it. Any such buyer can levy a toll of at least one anna on each living being passing over it from either side, and of annas four per each cart or carriage, As there is no other passage a mile off on either side, the passers by will prefer to pay this toll or even a higher one to avoid a circuit of three or four miles. Hundreds of persons, other beings and carts are passing over this road and thus a prudent buyer would realise a large annual income by way of such a toll and calculating at say 25 years purchase the market value will be an immensely large one. He will also force that the Improvement Trust have been preparing many building sites both on the North and the South of the Eastern portion of the passage, will foresee an increase of traffic and would pay a higher value on that account. It can have no market value only when an equivalent right of way is proposed side by side. Otherwise the market value is an immense one. The public will not be satisfied even by payment of large compensation and again the point will arise as to how the Collector will apportion any compensation payable to the public under Section 11 (III). These considerations show that the only adequate compensation to the public is an equivalent passage arranged under the provision of Section 31 (3) and we pray you to proceed for sanction of Government accordingly.

3. Further, as the Railway Company has been treating the public harshly by not proposing an overbridge or a footbridge and a diversion at the shortest possible distance, in place of this passage, the only passage connecting the east and the west of Bombay for a distance of two miles northwards of Dadar, we submit the following technical points for your ruling, and pray you will please act strictly in accordance with the sections of the Land Acquisition Act, and not relax single section so as to facilitate the Railway Company in any manner whatever, while deciding upon them.

4. Having regard to the evidence of the three witnesses examined before you and to the statement made by the Railway solicitor and noted down by you, that he is not to bring any evidence to the contrary, it may be taken as an established fact that the public have been uninterruptedly passing over the passage since even before the construction of the G.I.P. Ry. and there being nothing to show that the public have not done so constantly before that date, it may presumably be taken that the public have been passing over this passage since time immemorial and that they have a permanent right of way over this passage. It is a right far superior to an easement, inasmuch as an easement is obtained by an enjoyment for 20 years while this right of way always exists to any person whatever, and as an easement is destroyed if not enjoyed for the last two years; while this right of way is indestructible and always exists for all. Again under the provisions of Section 3 (w) of the Municipal Act, the public having passed over the passage for more than 20 years uninterruptedly, the passage has become a street and all have a right of way over any street or streets and at all times.

5. You have ruled that the land over which this public right of way exists belongs to Government. Then the present proceedings are to acquire the public right of way over the land, already belonging to Government. We submit that the Sections of the Land Acquisition Act cannot be put into force to acquire the rights of way, either by themselves or along with land even. It will be seen from Sections 6, 7 and 8 of the Land Acquisition Act that the Collector can take in order for the acquisition of land, we submit according to the definition of land, rights of way are not included in land. In Section 3 it has been laid down (a) the expression "land" includes benefits to arise out of land, and things attached to the earth. We submit that none of the above can be singly acquired when no land is to be acquired and that a right of way does not fall under any of them, in case you hold that Government can acquire their own land. These considerations show that a right of way is not land within the meaning of Section 3 (a), and therefore the Sections of the Land Acquisition Act cannot be put into force to acquire it.

6. In case you hold that this public right of way is land within the meaning of the term land in the Land Acquisition Act, and decide to proceed further we request you to first cause the land to be marked out, measured and a plan made as required by Section 8 of the Land Acquisition Act. All the property-holders and residents of Matunga and Mahim at least are known or believed to be interested in this land and we request you under the provisions of Section 9 (3) to serve notice on all the property-holders at least.

7. The claims of the property-holders and others shall depend upon whether any arrangement under the said section 31 (3) is possible, and if so upon the nature of the arrangement. If such an arrangement is made there will remain very few persons put to any damages and there shall only be a few claims to be considered. If, however, such an arrangement is not possible there will be hundreds of claims to be considered. We, therefore, request you to inform each of us whether you will write to Government for sanction for an arrangement under Section 31 (3) and if not whether you will serve notices on all property owners and residents

THE POTSDAM MEETING.

RUSSO-GERMAN NEGOTIATIONS.

M. Pichon's Criticism.

HAPPY PERSIAN AGREEMENT.

BRITISH INTERESTS WILL BE FIRMLY UPHELD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 17.

In the French Chamber, yesterday, M. Pichon, Foreign Minister, denied that the Anglo-Russian Convention was aimed at the partition of Persia. The agreement, he said, was one of the happiest concluded for many years.

LATER.

The statements of M. Pichon, the French Minister, which he made in separate replies to various deputies, are much discussed. They included a declaration that France, while foremost among the supporters of arbitration, was unable at present to adopt the principle of arbitration or accept it in questions affecting her vital interests or national dignity.

M. Pichon reiterated the statement that the Potsdam interview was concerned with Russian railway construction in Persia. The Minister said it was possible that Germany might have asked that difficulties should not be placed in the way of eventual junction of the Baghdad and Russian railways. M. Pichon asked, "Why should France raise objections?"

CONSTANTINOPLE, JAN. 17.

Newspapers have calmed down in their comments on the Russo-German negotiations. They now profess to be satisfied with the German Ambassador's declarations, though interpellations on the Potsdam interview have been admitted to the Chamber.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

The *Times* says: "It is perhaps regrettable that Russia did not consult England and France before opening negotiations with Germany on the subject of the Baghdad Railway, but we believe that she has not committed herself concerning the railway beyond Baghdad. Britain, having recognized Russia's predominance in North Persia, cannot quarrel with Russia for obtaining the recognition of Germany. Britain is not concerned to-day with Germany's authority to deal with the question without consulting Turkey, but the logical consequence of Russo-German surpatlers is that Germany must sooner or later extend them to the French and to ourselves. Britain must approach the question, not only with adequate appreciation of the interests she has to defend, but also with thorough determination and with the means she possesses to uphold them.

REVIVAL IN COTTON MILL WORKING.

Scarcity of Raw Material.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

Orders have been received by Lancashire manufacturers which will keep cotton mills going at full speed for some considerable time at fairly remunerative rates. Demand for labour is everywhere keen.

The *Times* says that full advantage is being taken of the briskness of trade. There are people who believe that the stocks of cotton will not hold out until the next crop becomes available and that there will be scarcity, with ridiculously inflated prices for the raw material, before September.

OUTRAGE IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

M. Briand Shot at.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

Reuter wires from Paris that in the Chamber of Deputies to-day a man in the gallery fired two shots at M. Briand, Prime Minister, who was not struck. M. Mirman, Director of Public Relief Department, however, was wounded.

CANADIAN RECIPROCITY CONFERENCE.

Agreement with America.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 17.

It is understood that the conference with reference to reciprocity between America and Canada is rapidly nearing completion. An agreement has been established on the main principles.

GREAT ACTIVITY IN BRITISH DOCKYARDS.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

There is a great demand at Birkenhead and also at the Tyne, Tees and Royal dockyards, for shipworkers. Prospects for the coming year are of the healthiest.

TARIFF REFORM LEAGUE.

Vigorous Campaign to be Instituted.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

The Tariff Reform League has decided to institute an immediate and vigorous campaign in London and Lancashire.

SITUATION IN PORTUGAL.

Bomb Explosion on a Railway.

ATTEMPT TO REPLACE STRIKERS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LISBON, JAN. 16.

A bomb explosion took place to-day, on the Circle Railway, cracking the Chellas tunnel, and necessitating a deviation of the route.

The outrage is attributed to a discontented factory worker, whose employer lived near the tunnel.

The Gas Company is endeavouring to replace the strikers. It will bring an action against the authors of the 'passive-resistance' strike at the works, whereby so much damage has been caused.

Dom Miguel's Policy.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

In an interview with the *Daily Mail's* Vienna correspondent, Dom Miguel said that the Republican Government could not last, and he sketched the policy he would pursue if he were recalled to Portugal.

THE "WARATAH" INQUIRY.

Bogus Messages in Bottles.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

At the resumed enquiry into the loss of the "Waratah" to-day, Counsel for the Board of Trade announced that exhaustive enquiries regarding the alleged messages from the "Waratah" in bottles, which had been washed ashore, showed that, altogether, there were five such lying concoctions invented by sensation-mongers.

According to depositions from Australia, the steward said the ship had a continual list, and he left because he was dissatisfied with her, as were those he worked under. He admitted that he might have returned, if he had been more comfortable in his job.

The Engineer, Herbert Mason, believed that the "Waratah" had turned turtle in the trough of the sea. He had remarked to an officer that she would make a big hole in the water one of these days. It was most difficult to get cargo out of her, as she threatened to turn over.

One of the Navigation Inspectors at Sydney, saw the "Waratah" daily for ten days, and he observed nothing to denote that she was unstable.

AGRICULTURE IN RHODESIA.

Preparation for Immigrants.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

The papers publish the details of the impending solution of the question of organised agricultural settlements in Rhodesia. The principal land-owning companies are combining to prepare several million acres for European immigrants, and are offering ready-made farms, which is an improvement on the Canadian-Pacific system.

MISSING GERMAN BALLOON.

Found in Lake in Pomerania.

BERLIN, JAN. 16.

The German balloon, "Hildebrand" which has been missing since December 29th, has been found in a lake near Wildenbruch, Pomerania.

The bodies of the two passengers were in the car.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE INDISPOSED.

All Engagements Cancelled.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

Mr. Lloyd George has cancelled all engagements owing to an attack of laryngitis. The inclement weather, since his return from the Riviera, has not been altogether favourable to his general health.

SWIMMING IN AUSTRALIA.

The 400 Yards Championship.

SYDNEY, JAN. 16.

In the 400 yards Swimming Championship to-day, Hardwick won by two yards, his time being 5 minutes, 35 seconds. Longworth was second and Haly third.

Beaurepaire collapsed half-way from weakness.

BURGLAR WHO FIRED AT POLICEMAN.

Life Sentence Passed.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

There is much favourable comment on the life sentence, passed, as an example, upon the burglar who fired five times at Constable Haytread in South London.

The Constable was saved by the revolver missing fire, when pressed against his forehead.

He has received the King's medal for bravery.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

The death is announced of Colonel George Strahan, R.E., late Survey of India Department.

SOCIETY FOR SUPPRESSION OF PIGTAILS.

500 Chinamen Cut Off Their Queues.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 17.

Five hundred members of the Shanghai Society for the suppression of pigtails, publicly cut off their queues in the presence of four thousand Chinese and foreigners.

[A telegram from Peking states that the proposal in regard to the removal of the queue and reform of dress caused some warm discussion in the National Assembly, on the 15th ultimo. On a division being taken, 102 votes were cast in favour of the proposal and twenty-eight against it. It was passed in a slightly amended form. The queue was to be removed, but the ordinary dress was to remain; only the dress for State and ceremonial occasions would be reformed. The students of the Military Academy controlled by the 1st Division of the new Army have removed their queues to the number of more than five hundred up to date.]

[The following is the text of the Imperial Rescript:—"With reference to the memorial presented by the Board of Agriculture, Industry and Commerce to the effect that the Board has received a petition from the Chamber of Commerce in Peking, stating that the trade markets in the various provinces are in a state of embarrassment throughthe promulgation of the cutting off of the queues and the change of dress, and the Chamber requests protection for their trade, etc. It is hereby decreed that the style of dress in the Empire has been adopted in different classes of people for a long time and it is not allowed to be changed. With the exception of the dress of Military and Police Officers, which have been changed in accordance with the request of the respective Boards concerned, the official community, educated class and all kinds of people should adopt the dress of the established style and they should not listen to such floating speeches which were merely unmeaning compliments so as to cause misunderstanding. This decree is hereby issued for the information of public outside Peking in order that the minds of the people be tranquillized and for the protection of commerce."]

REBUILDING MESSINA.

Three Years' Work, Clearing Debris.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

The Signori Sacchi and Ciuffelli, Italian Ministers of Public Works and Posts, respectively, accompanied by a number of Senators and Deputies have been inspecting Messina, which is now being rebuilt.

In his speech, Signor Sacchi said that three millions sterling had already been spent, and it would still take three years to clear away the debris. The total funds at the Government's disposal for the reconstruction of the city amounted to twenty millions.

THREATENED SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

Coincidence with Coronation Accidental.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

In an interview, Mr. Ben Tillet said that a seamen's strike was inevitable, but its coincidence with the Coronation was a mere accident. The strike would begin simultaneously in British, German and American ports within twenty-four hours of its declaration.

TROUBLE IN THE YEMEN.

Eighteen Battalions Despatched.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JAN. 17.

The Cabinet has discussed the serious situation in the Yemen, and has decided to despatch eighteen battalions immediately against the Imam, Yahya, who has, stirred up a large combination of tribes and is investing Sana.

THE CORONATION.

Decision to Invite Colonial Legislators.

LONDON, JAN. 17.

The *Daily Express* states that it has been practically decided to invite representative Colonial legislators to be present at the Coronation.

SLEEPING SICKNESS AT MOZAMBIQUE.

LONDON, JAN. 16.

The representations of Senhor Andrade, Governor-General of Mozambique, regarding sleeping sickness, have been sympathetically received by the Colonial and Foreign Offices and by the Chartered Company. If the latter sends a commission to Rhodesia, he hopes that a Portuguese member will be included.

HOUNDSDITCH MURDER CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

The "Indian Daily News" special London correspondent cables under date January 16th:—The hearing of the Houndsditch charges was resumed to-day. Mr. Bodkin, for good reasons, was unable to open the case. He said he would do so at the next sitting.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

The programme for the next meeting of the Viceroy's Council is not yet settled, but it is understood that a comprehensive list of business will be set before the Councillors. Numerous questions will be asked, and it is quite probable that two resolutions on the wider employment of Indian in the public service and on industrial and technical education will be put down for discussion.

Mr. Butler will introduce a Bill to amend the registration of the Marriages, Births and Deaths Act. There will be also a presentation of the Select Committee's reports on the Factory Bill, the Army Bill, the Ports Bill, the Tramways Bill, and the Criminal Tribes Bill.

CROWN PRINCE'S TOUR.

Visit to Kutab Minar.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, JAN. 17.

The Crown Prince yesterday morning paid a visit to the lines of the 11th Lancers. He was received by Colonel Cole, Commanding the Regiment. His Imperial Highness inspected the horses and stables and showed great interest in the Silidar system.

Later, the Crown Prince, accompanied by Mr. Sanderson, of the Archæological Survey, motored to the Kutab Minar. In the afternoon His Imperial Highness joined in a game of polo.

The Crown Prince, accompanied by three of his Staff, left at 10-30 this morning for Aurora Road, from where Sir John Hewett will accompany His Imperial Highness to the shooting camp. The remainder of the Staff will remain at Delhi, with the exception of a small party who will proceed to-night to Dehra Dun for four days' shooting.

PLAGUE MEASURES IN MOULMEIN.

A Condemnatory Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 17.

Captain Brayne, I.M.S., Special Plague Officer in Burma, who inspected Moulmein recently, has written a Note in which he deals with the failure of plague measures. He practically comdemns the procedure, adopted by the Plague Department for the prevention of the disease, as bad. The lighting of bazars is unsatisfactory, no sanitary inspection is made of the licensed lodging-houses. In short, plague work in Moulmein, in the past, has been of no value and money has been uselessly spent. He recommends certain measures for the improvement of matters, but, as the principal one, namely, the appointment of a commissioned officer on special plague duty at Moulmein, will entail expenditure which the Government is not likely to sanction, he suggests the abolition of plague measures altogether, leaving the treatment of plague to the Civil Surgeon, as he deals with other infectious diseases.

ENHANCED DUTY ON FOREIGN SUGAR.

Mr. Malviya's Resolution Criticised.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

The newspapers comment upon Mr. Malviya's notice of a resolution for an enhanced duty on foreign sugar. Both the "Statesman" and the "Indian Daily News" condemn the idea, while the "Bengalee" supports it.

Mr. Datta, Assistant Manager of the Hutwe Raj, in a letter to the Press, writes:—"The profits arising from maintaining the high prices of sugar will ultimately go to the pockets of the landlords, whether they are Zemindars or the Government of India. In a Council where the interests of the ryots have no representatives, I am afraid a decree against the ryots may be obtained by default. I am, therefore, at a loss for words to thank you for the defence that you are making for the hundreds of millions of ryots whose interests have hitherto been protected by the English Government, by the introduction of Free Trade and the Tenancy Act."

HINDU-MOSLEM ENTENTE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN 17.

As a result of the Hindu-Mahomedan Conference, the "Tribune" writes that there is a marked improvement in the tone of the Vernacular Press. It says:—"Proceedings were threatened against some Vernacular papers of Lahore, but the fear of the law was not so effective as the meeting of the Conference at Allahabad."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN 17.

The meeting of the Conference of Post Office Superintendent of the United Provinces Circle, was held in Allahabad, on the 13th and 15th instant, at which Mr. G. R. Clarke, Postmaster General presided. Many important subjects in connection with the working of the Post Offices in these Provinces were discussed and settled.

HON'BLE SYED ALI IMAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

The date of the public dinner to the Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, Executive Council Member, has been put back from Saturday 11th February to Saturday 18th February.

DEATH OF MR. SINHA'S NEPHEW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

This morning, Mr. S. P. Sinha received a message from England, announcing the death of his nephew, Mr. Mohid Sinha, the eldest son of Major N. P. Sinha. Mr. Mohid was preparing himself for the Indian Civil Service Examination and recently obtained a scholarship for proficiency.

An amendment of the German patent laws will be submitted to the Reichstag next month. It is regarded as a retaliation against the English Act of 1907, especially the provisions compelling foreign patentees to utilise their patents in Germany, within three years or lose the protection of the patents law.

According to a White-paper recently issued, there were no motions proposed in the House of Commons during the last session for the adjournment of the House. Since 1905, these motions have become fewer. In that year there were nine of such proposals, in 1906 five, 1907 three, 1908 two, and 1909 two.

According to the London correspondent of the "Indian Daily News," the largest dirigible in the world has been completed at Barrow.

A CONSTANTINOPLE telegram to the "National Zeitung" says that it is stated in financial circles that Turkey intends to re-open negotiations for a loan with France.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

Arrival in Bombay.

THEIR Excellencies Sir George and Lady Clarke, who had been on a visit to Karwar, returned to Bombay yesterday morning, by the R. I. M. S. "Dalhousie," which arrived in the harbour at 9 a. m. and anchored opposite the Apollo Bunder. Their Excellencies arrived at the Apollo Bunder in the R. I. M. launch "Bee" half an hour later, where they were received by Captain V. A. Coaker, A.-D.-C., Syed Shamsuddin Syed Mia Kadri, Oriental Translator to Government; and Risaldar Bhagwan Singh, Native A.-D.-C. Their Excellencies then motored to Government House. Admiral Goodrich, Mrs. Campbell, Mr. L. Robertson, Private Secretary; Captain Lumsden, Surgeon; Captain E. G. Drummond, A.-D.-C., and Captain C. T. Davis, A.-D.-C., who had accompanied His Excellency to Karwar, also returned by the same steamer.

LORD AND LADY HARDINGE.

Visit to Allahabad Exhibition

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 17.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Hardinge visited the Exhibition again to-day. At the Postal and Telegraph Court, His Excellency was met by Mr. Clark, Postmaster General, United Provinces and Mr. Sharpe, Superintendent, Telegraphs. Special attention was paid to the exhibits of apparatus for wireless telegraphy and the singeing are which reproduces telegraphic signals in the form of musical notes gave much cause for amusement.

The Viceregal party witnessed some scenes from the Grand Oriental Pageant now under rehearsal including scenes from Akbar's history and the Elizabethan period. The performance was very successful and was much admired on account of the gorgeous trappings of elephants and beauty of costumes.

Lord and Lady Hardinge left Allahabad for Calcutta at about 5 in the evening under the usual salutes.

NEWS FROM KABUL.

Amir to Found an Orphanage.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 17.

Reports from Kabul state that the Amir is founding an orphanage there. One means of raising the funds is the sale of photographs which he, himself, has taken.

Kafilas, who have safely reached Peshawar, confirm the news that the winter is of exceptional severety in northern and eastern Afghanistan, and snowfall has been very heavy in most districts.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

Captain R. J. F. Trew, R.E., is permitted to revert to the Home establishment from March 1.

Approval has been given to the retirement of Quatermaster and Honorary Major W. Bentley, 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

Lieut. C. G. Hornby, 2nd Battalion, East Lancashire Regiment, is appointed to the Gold Coast Regiment of the West African Frontier Force.

Major C. H. Ford, 20th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Lahore, is transferred to the 49th Battery, Royal, Field Artillery, at Glasgow.

On return from leave, Major A. J. H. Swiney, R.E., is posted to the Military Works at Abbottabad.

Major Wintle, 87th Punjabis, is confirmed as Commandant of that Regiment.

Colonel H. P. Leader, General Staff Officer, Rawalpindi, has been selected for the Command of the Sialkot Brigade, when General Phagre vacates on May 31 next.

Captain Fooster, 2nd Sappers and Miners, is posted to the Military Works at Abbottabad.

The following officers of the Royal Artillery have been selected for appointment to No. 4 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery, which will be formed, on the departure of No. 3 Mountain Battery for Egypt:—

Major J. E. L. Bruce 64th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery; Captain W. B. Spelder, Supernumerary Captain, Rawalpindi; Lieut. O'Reilly Blackwood, No. 1, Mountain Battery; Lieut. Patteson, No. 6, Mountain Battery; Lieut. Mitchell, No. 8 Mountain Battery.

LAHORE, JAN. 17.

A correspondent writes that the Supply and Transport Circular issued by the Divisional Commissioner of Lahore, which formed the subject for interpellation in the Imperal Council has been withdrawn during the Christmas week.

CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JAN. 17.

Slape, alias Keatinge, was released by the District Magistrate to-day, as he could not be identified as the forger wanted, even with his heard off. His expenses back to Allahabad will be paid.

ENGLISH OPEN RACQUETS CHAMPIONSHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 17.

The *Pioneer's* London Correspondent cables:—The long delayed match for the open Racquets Championship of England, was begun on Saturday, at Queen's Club the final score being Williams 4 and Mr. E. M. Baerlin 2. The score was at one time two all, but Willisms the outstaying smatner, won the last games. The second half of the match is to take place at Manchester on Wednesday week.

JACOBABAD HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JAN. 17.

After three showery days, the weather has cleared up at Jacobabad and the programme arranged for the horse-show was carried out practically unaltered, with the exception of one or two items. 936 animals were classified and exhibited this year, as against 872 in the previous year. Rs. 3,750 were awarded in prizes, of which Sind breeders carried off Rs. 1,460. The number of animals sold up to the last day of the show was, however, considerably less than in the previous year.

CAPTAIN FRY I. M. S., has been placed on special duty in connection with the Malaria Enquiry in Bengal.

THE BOMBAY RIOTS.

Accused Sentenced.

ON Tuesday, at the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, delivered judgment in the case in which Inspector Jones charged Dawoodali Kazi and Rasul Wazir with rioting at Pydhownie on Thursday afternoon.

His Worship remarked that the first accused had taken a prominent part in inciting the crowd. The accused was driven away repeatedly but came out into Pydhownie Road and recommenced shrewing stones. This, he and the second accused continued doing till the time the troops stood in position and were ordered to fire. After the firing both the accused had received gunshot wounds. They had not given any satisfactory explanation as to why they were in the mob, when the soldiers fired. He (the Magistrate,) was quite satisfied that they were guilty and that the first accused took a prominent part in inciting the mob to become riotous. The first accused was sentenced to three months' and the second accused to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

His Worship also delivered his decision in the case in which Sayad Mahomed, Haji Ibrahim, Hassam, Kassaim and Abu Ismail were charged with rioting. Mr. Oliviers, pleader, defended the last three accused. The last three accused, who were young, pleaded not guilty, stating that they were not allowed to go out of their houses on Thursday, and that the houses were closed during the day. His Worship delivering his decision said that two respectable Mahomedan witnesses were examined on behalf of the last three accused, one of the witnesses being a gentleman on whom Government had been pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur. This witness was the landlord of the building in which the three accused resided and he himself lived on the premises. According to him, fearing that a disturbance would take place he had kept the doors of his 'pehdi' and his house locked that day with a view to prevent the boys from going out and getting mixed up in the disturbances. He said that he had looked at it from noon on Thursday to the following morning and that the last three accused were in the house when he looked the door. If this statement was true—he (his Worship) himself had seen this place—he was satisfied that none of the tenants could have gone out of the house if the front door of the house was locked. The evidence of the sepoys could not therefore be believed so far as these three accused were concerned. The second witness who was a Veterinary Graduate, had sworn that the three accused were in the house on the 12th instant at the time of the disturbance. Neither the Khan Saheb nor the Veterinary Graduate was related to the accused who were orphan boys and who could not be expected to have the means nor influence to get such respectable persons to give false evidence on their behalf. It was possible, therefore, that so far as these three accused were concerned, the European police witnesses had made a mistake—an honest mistake—about the identity. His Worship ordered these three accused to be acquitted. The fourth accused was convicted and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Gulbaj Turabaj and Ibrahim Dawood were charged with rioting and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each. They were also ordered to be bound over in sums of Rs. 100 each to be of good behaviour for one year after their release from jail.

Other Rioters Sentenced.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, on Tuesday Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, delivered his judgment in the cases heard before him on Monday, in which Inspector Jones charged a number of Mahomedans with rioting during the Mohurrum. His Worship, delivering his decision, said, as regarded the case against Rahimkhan Wazirkhan, that the evidence of Inspector Jones showed that as the Commissioner of Police had prohibited the use of certain thoroughfares to the Taboot processions on the occasion of the last Mohurrum, there was a certain amount of dissatisfied feeling among a portion of Mahomedans. On Thursday last, from about 3 p.m. large crowds of people which ultimately increased to several thousands, assembled near Pydhownie. The police kept the crowds constantly on the move, whereupon the latter began hooting and shouting at the police. The police officers on duty there repeatedly asked them to disperse, but the latter would not do so. At about 4 p.m., the crowd started throwing stones at the police, tram-cars, motor-cars, and the troops stationed there. They were again asked by the police to disperse but would not listen, and the reply which the police got to their repeated requests and orders to the mob to disperse was an increased volley of stones; and there was not the slightest doubt that the common object of the crowd, which consisted of several thousands, was, by criminal force or by show of criminal force, to overawe the police and to commit mischief and commit the offence of assaulting the police and the military. As it was impossible to make arrests on the spot under a state of affairs like that, police sepoys and officers were instructed by their superiors to carefully mark those who were actually throwing stones. The evidence of police sepoy 1482 B showed that while he was on duty near the Jain Temple near Pydhownie at about 4-30 p.m., he saw the accused before the Court actually throwing stones at the police. His Worship further remarked that the accused deserved a fairly severe punishment. It was the criminal action of men like the accused that had ultimately led to the unfortunate loss of life. The accused should also be bound over so as to prevent a repetition of the conduct. It must also be borne in mind that the accused was a young man and that he was not a ring-leader. His Worship sentenced the accused to six months' rigorous imprisonment and ordered him to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 100 with one surety for a like amount.

His Worship also delivered his judgment in the case in which Malik Mohidin (28), Abdulla Shaikh Ibrahim (26) and Rahimbux Abdul (20), all labarers were charged with rioting. His Worship sentenced the accused to six months' rigorous imprisonment each and ordered them to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 100 to keep the peace for a period of one year.

The remaining undefended cases were adjourned on the application of Mr. Ashbury, pleader, in order to enable him to apply to the Chief Presidency Magistrate for their transfer to some other Court.

THE "MASCOT" EXPLOSION ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

RANGOON, JAN 17.

To-day the Magistrate opened an inquest into the circumstances attending on the recent explosion on board the schooner motor-launch "Mascot" by which four persons died and three injured. Three witnesses were examined and the enquiry is adjourned.

ARIFF MURDER PETITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 17.

His Honour, the Lieutenant-Governor, has rejected the petition submitted to him by Ali Ariff, a wealthy Mahomedan, who was sentenced to death at the last Criminal Sessions of the Chief Court, for the murder of his wife, by shooting her with a Paradox gun.

AT West Ham a Magistrate commended a constable for knowing how to use his truncheon when the occasion arose, "not only effectively but humanely."

THE British insolvencies for the year 1910, show a substantial decrease, being the lowest recorded for 23 years.

THE whole of Etna, says a Naples message of Dec. 30, is agitated, and enormous fissures are forming on the sides of the mountain.

WHAT HAS HAPPENED IN TURKEY.

Changes in Constantinople.

Mr. D. G. Hogarth, the antiquarian explorer and authority on Arabia and the Near East, has a most interesting article in the January issue of the "Contemporary Review," which he calls "Turkey After Two Years."

In this he gives his impression of the results of the new regime and what the Young Turkey revolution has really done for Turkey.

"It has done one thing—almost a miracle as it seems to anyone who knew the old Turkey. It has made the man in the street speak freely and aloud and look his fellows in the face unafraid and unashamed. This is no fancy of mine. In former days one was conscious, the moment one left the railway station or landed on the quays of Constantinople, that the men in the streets, who were not hectoring or cursing or silent, were speaking under their breath. Their eyes habitually looked downwards or sideways, and, should they be turned up a moment, one saw suspicion or fear in most of them.

A CHANGE IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

"Now you may walk Stambul, Galata, and Pera from end to end and not see that hunted look or hear those whispers. The difference after two years is extraordinary. That which used to distinguish the Constantinopolitan crowd from every other in Europe has ceased to be. The man in the Grande Rue or the Stambul bazaars demeans himself, "mutatis mutandis," like any other man in any other European capital.

"To have changed the demeanour of a whole civic society from anxiety and fear to carelessness is an achievement which, were it the only one to the credit of the Committee of Union and Progress, and even should it not endure, amply justifies that Committee in its existence. The longer one stays in Constantinople the more evidence presents itself that the present freedom is a real thing.

IN THE CAFES.

"Sitting from time to time in one or two of the great Pera cafes, I have caught conversation in Turkish, Greek, and French at neighbouring tables touching freely and earnestly on such topics as one used to hear mentioned seldom or never even within closed doors. Walking down the street afterwards, with thoughts on the past one was brought up short by book-shops, displaying recent French and German works on the most forbidden sciences; by the sight of Turkish ladies emerging from Christian shops in veils no longer and little thicker than are worn by their fashionable European sisters; by photographs of the Ministers and the heroes of the revolution. All this will sound commonplace enough to the frequenter of other cities, but let it be borne in mind what Constantinople used to be.

AT THE QUAY.

"The scene when the French steamer in which I went to Smyrna was about to sail was equally instructive. The animated, shouting crowd on the quay, behind which a public motor omnibus—rickety machine enough, but still an undeniable motor omnibus was trying to force a way; the Turkish ladies waving adieus or chatting on the deck with intending passengers; the number and variety of the latter who wore the "tarbush;" the sound of laughter both on shore and on deck (no Turk ever used to laugh aloud in public)—all this was sheer novelty to one who has sailed from the Galata quay a score of times in the old bad days. And it all bore witness to one of the greatest specific boons which the Young Turks have conferred on the Empire, the abolition of the "yol teskere," or internal passport, whereby the Hamidian Government used to keep those it would prisoners in their cities or villages. Now everyone may move about within the Empire at will, and there is no longer any difficulty even about leaving it and returning.

STEALERS OF TWO PROVINCES.

"I am optimistic. If Turkey can avoid war or serious financial embarrassment for a few years I do not see why she should come to grief, supposing her administrators to be willing and able to conduct her firmly on liberal lines, not in the interests of one race only or of one creed. But it would be idle to ignore the fact that there are very serious difficulties and dangers ahead. Those who thought fit to take advantage of the first moment of change to strip the Ottoman Empire of two provinces are responsible for the prevalence of a militant spirit throughout that Empire at present which entails great risks. A large army, with new organisation and new weapons, is a temptation to a people which has little countervailing commercial instinct, and it claims an enormous share of the revenue for a comparatively unproductive purpose.

CRETE AND BULGARIA.

"In international relations Crete is a very grave danger-spot. But for what happened in Bosnia and Bulgaria two years ago the Cretan question might ere now have been amicably and equitably settled by a sale to Greece. As it is, the Turks, smarting under the irretrievable loss of two suzerainties, are absolutely determined to retain that over Crete. The feeling about it is extraordinarily deep and widespread.

"The other danger-spot is the Bulgarian frontier. The assumption of Tsardom by a whilom vassal rankles, and there are only too many pretexts for quarrel, which may be found in Macedonian affairs or in questions concerning refugees across the border. The best guarantee for peace on this side lies in the undoubted fact that each party is afraid of the other, a quality which does not hold on the Greek frontier.

RACIAL TROUBLES AND HOME RULE.

"The great difficulty is the present geographical distribution of races and creeds, inextricably mixed up in such regions as Macedonia, the western provinces of Asia Minor, or Syria. If by any governmental action some transference of populations could be effected the ultimate grant of home rule—for it must, of course, be granted very gradually—would be a much simpler matter. The Turks used so to transfer populations, as the old Persians did, and as we have done in India; but the old methods can no longer be used. At any rate, let us hope that the Committee, which has shown such remarkable political sense, will not hastily reject any scheme for local home rule as inconsistent with unity. On the contrary, it seems to offer the only means of securing a real unity at all.

ENGLISH INFLUENCE IN TURKEY.

"Many blame our diplomatists in Constantinople for the low ebb to which undoubtedly British influence has fallen as compared with its position immediately after the new order was established. They should rather blame circumstances—the circumstances which have forced, or at least induced, the Young Turks to foster militarism and adopt a policy of coercion in many districts.

"Neither militarism nor this sort of coercion is consistent with the British character and traditions, and consequently the Young Turks have turned for support towards nations of different traditions and character. We were lifted to be first in favour during a brief moment of idealism, and we fell with the recognition of realities. When the day comes in Turkey for genuine government by representative institutions of our type we shall regain that favour."

AN EX-KING'S EDUCATION.

THE "Mail" says that King Manoel is determined to fit himself for what he believes to be his destiny, the sovereignship of Portugal.

"King Manoel is planning out his future, making arrangements for his immediate present, and scheming schemes for the resumption of his royal throne. We are informed that the Portuguese King will employ his time in training himself in scholarship and diplomacy and all the arts of statecraft. From Richmond, his Majesty, expecting no special privileges, will attend lectures at Oxford University and other centres of learning. He will not attempt to obtain a degree, but since the young King's tastes and inclinations are strongly literary and scientific in character, his regular attendances at academic lectures may be counted upon with certainty. When he ceases to attend lectures at various Universities, King Manoel will make a tour of the world and make a special study of British Colonial methods. He will visit Australia, Africa, Canada, America, and the Far East. During this time he will travel as a private individual, with the object of personally inquiring into the different systems of government obtaining among the over-seas Colonies of the various European Powers."

THE PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Assistant Health Officer's Address.

At the Young Women's Christian Association Hall, yesterday evening, Dr. Goldsmith, Assistant Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, delivered a very instructive lecture on "Tuberculosis," the attendance being very large.

The lecturer, in the course of his address, said that he selected this subject because of its enormous importance to a community. This would be appreciated by a reference to the mortality caused by this disease. All forms of this disease were due to the entrance by one means or another into the body of a minute organism known as the "tub bac." This organism could retain its vitality for a long time outside the human body. The disease might assume a variety of forms, the most usual being phthisis or consumption, meningitis or enlarged glands in the neck or elsewhere, though all such enlarged glands are not necessarily "tub" or the disease might attack joints or bones resulting in death or in crippling or deformity. Tuberculosis was not confined to the human race and was common in oxen, cows, pigs, horses, fowls, rabbits, etc.

It is now accepted, the learned lecturer went on to say, by most authorities that all forms of tuberculosis are produced by the same organism. Speaking generally, tuberculosis was a disease of childhood and that resulting from inhalation of more adult life. Milk from a "tub" cow was an undoubted source of infection, so also was the flesh of oxen, pigs, fowls and game birds affected with "tub." Probably by far the most important of this was milk. There was overwhelming evidence to show that active "tub bac" are present in the milk of tub cows and they might be present when the teats are unaffected. Further even when no bacilli had been detected in the milk from affected cows, the feeding of young and healthy animals on such milk had caused tub in them. Apart from the diseased cows, the milk might be infected by the handling of it by men suffering from tub. Among children under five on the average no less than 1 in 16 died of tuberculosis and to this they must add the very large number of children who suffered from tub glands in the neck and from bone and joint disease, not necessarily ending in death, but more often in permanent disfigurement and crippling of the sufferer. Without giving statistics, it was sufficient to say that it had been abundantly proved that bad ventilation, overcrowding and bad lighting very materially assisted the spread of tuberculosis and retard its cure when established. While deficient lighting and ventilation, overcrowding, poverty, intemperance and vice were powerful predisposing causes, the active cause was an organism which, as a general rule, gained admission to the body, either through the digestive track or the respiratory.

DANGER OF EXPECTORATION.

The special preventive measures to be taken could be grouped under two heads, private and public, and it was to the former the lecturer wished more particularly to refer as the ones within the reach of every individual. He said: "In the first place a phthisis patient should never under any circumstances expectorate promiscuously either in public or private. It is of the utmost importance to impress on him the certain harm he will cause if negligent in this respect, and that fact once appreciated, the great majority of men will be loathe to bequeath to another the awful disease from which they themselves suffer. In the privacy of his own home, he can use a jar containing some disinfecting fluid into which to expectorate or a clean rag or specially prepared Japanese paper, subsequently burning the rag or paper, and in the case of the jar, destroying the contents by fire. When travelling or walking or at work a sputum bottle should be carried. After use the contents should be burned and the bottle placed in cold water and gradually heated to boiling point to disinfect it. One cannot too strongly condemn the practice of expectorating into a handkerchief; not only is this a dirty habit, but it is one fraught with great danger both to the patient and others. When seized with a paroxysm of coughing, the patient should always protect his mouth and nose with a handkerchief or other material to prevent the spread of minute particulars of infected mucus. All handkerchiefs used by phthisis subjects should be placed in a strong disinfectant after use and then boiled. It is also desirable that a phthisis patient should sleep alone in a separate bedroom; when such is not the case, the room should be well ventilated and the patient should sleep furthest from the source of ventilation so as to prevent air currents carrying infection to others. Then systematic disinfection of the rooms should be carried out with great care.

Public measures, continued the lecturer, fell under three heads: (1) Control of the food supply, (2) improvement of housing and work places, and (3) isolation in sanatoria.

In conclusion, he wished to specially emphasise the fact that for any immediate material progress in combating this disease, it was to the private measures they must look principally, for this reason that the best preventive measure of all was unfortunately the most expensive and slowest. He referred, of course, to the improvements of housing. Given all the enthusiasm and energy in the world, it was not possible to remodel a large city in a year or two or even a similar number of decades. Yet for all that it would appear that, that was the ultimate solution of the problem of prevention. Improvement in the conditions under which the poor lived was being carried out in the city every year and in the meantime efforts should be directed towards the preservation of infant life from infection by diseased milk and towards the education of and appeals to the better nature of existing sufferers.

A vote of thanks to the lecturer and the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE RUSSO-INDIAN RAILWAY.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Standard" writes on Dec. 23:—The opposition of Moscow to the proposed Russo-Indian railway continues to find a somewhat angry expression in the local newspapers. To them the "Novoe Vremya" replies that the tone of the Moscow Press is premature, as the scheme has not yet even reached the stage of organising a surveying party for the suggested line. After that will come the formation of a company to build the line. In any case a great part of the proposed route will be traversed by railways in the near future; England must inevitably prolong her line from Nushki through Seistan to serve the region which is in the British sphere of influence. Similarly Russia, for the sake of her trade with Persia, must build a line to traverse the northern zone of Persia. Both these lines would have been built long ago but that in those days England and Russia mutually opposed one another's attempts to open up Persia. As the two above-mentioned lines are inevitable the question of a Russo-Indian railway is reduced to a comparative trifle of less than six hundred miles, namely, between Teheran and Kerman, the respective termini of the Russian and British-Indian lines already contemplated. By a connecting link of five or six hundred miles only the world be given a new high way, and as over two thousand miles of this world's highway would be provided by existing Russian railways there can be no question of the profit accruing to Russia.

Vice-Admiral Lewis Wintz, who recently visited the Chateau d'Ex, met with a serious accident, breaking his leg while tobogganing with his wife and friends.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

HINDU LADIES' SOCIAL CLUB.

Seventeenth Annual Gathering.

The seventeenth annual social gathering of the Hindu Ladies' Social and Literary Club was held in the spacious hall of the Chanda Ramji Hindu Girls' School at Cawasji Patel Tank Road, Bombay, on Monday afternoon, when Mrs. Swann presided. There was a large gathering of ladies European, Mahomedan, Hindu and Parsi, among whom were the following:—Countess Thurn, Lady Petit, Lady Chandavarkar, Laxmibai Ranisaheb Gaikwad, Mrs. Cecil Burns, Mrs. Netherland, Mrs. H.H. Trikerlaley, Mrs. Maskichan, Mrs. Strachan, Mrs. Haigh, Mrs. Masoori, Mrs. Barlow, Mrs. Benson, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Wilkinson, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Coleman, Mrs. Manockbai N. N. Kothare, Mrs. Abraham, Mrs. Brady, Mrs. Rebecca Abraham, Mrs. Meyer, Mrs. Arthur Leslie, Mrs. Moochool Shah, Mrs. and Miss Zanal Abedeen Shah, Mrs. Coochik Shah, Mrs. Faiz B. Tyebji, Mrs. Jagmohandas Bhaiset, Mrs. Jehangir B. Petit, Mrs. Dhanjibhoy Naoroji, Mrs. D. J. Vakil, Mrs. Mulraj Khatao, Miss Kothare, Mrs. Jeyakar, Mrs. Khare, Mrs. Sarayn, Mrs. and Miss Natarajan, Miss Danielson, Miss Shirin M. Cursetji, and many other notable ladies.

The report which was read by Miss Shirin M. Cursetji, showed that there were 189 members on the roll.

MRS. SWANN'S ADDRESS.

The President Mrs. Swann, in addressing the meeting, said:—Ladies,—I thank you all for the great honour you have done me, in asking me to preside over your annual gathering this year. My only regret is, that I am unable to speak to you in your own language. I have great sympathy with all social reform movements, East or West, specially with what is called the "Woman Question," and all that is calculated to raise woman's status in the world, and help on our moral, intellectual and spiritual evolution. I think this Club of yours, with its social and intellectual opportunities for Hindu ladies, a most excellent institution; all honour to its founder Mrs. Ramabai Ranade and to its inspirer, the late Mr. Justice Ranade, who was always to the front in all questions of wise reform. In the nature of things there must be differences between the ideal woman of the East and her sister of the West, but I am sure we could, with advantage to both, learn something each from the other. I honour the Hindu ladies for their great love of home and for their wise appreciation of the dignity, nay, holiness of service for those they love in that 'home.' But do not let your interests and sympathies begin and end there. Widen them out try to take larger views of life, cultivate your minds, so that you may become real "helpmeets" to your husbands, wise and sympathetic companions to your sons and daughters.

A WOMAN'S INTERESTS.

The more interests a woman has, the happier she will be, and I may add, the freer from boredom: happiness we know, is better than all cosmetics and drugs for keeping a woman young and well. Good health is a great factor in a useful, well-ordered life, and it is our bounden duty to do all we can, by moderate and judicious diet, by cleanliness and attention to the laws of health and hygiene to keep our bodies fit for our daily duties. Good health conduces to good temper and certainly the opposite holds true for bad health. It means disordered nerves, irritability and general discomfort, and unhappiness in one's household. If we habitually think cheerfully, hopefully and healthily, we not only keep in better health ourselves, but we radiate cheerfulness and hope all around us. The mother strikes the keynote as it were for the whole household. There is an old and true Latin saying "Mens sana in corpore sano" which means a sound mind in a sound body. They act and react on each other, and it is as true to say the body affects the mind, as to say the mind influences the body. Your tenderness too and care of children are also most admirable traits in the Hindu character. Sometimes I am afraid the love exhibited is not very judicious. To spoil children is no real kindness to them, making them often in later life a nuisance to themselves as well as to others. It is a very high honour and a great responsibility which devolves upon us women, this training of the young souls committed to our charge. The first seven years of a child's life are such important ones. As the twig is then bent the tree will afterwards grow. Never izzitate, I pray you, the "shrieking sisterhood of the West, who in their haste to acquire the man's privilege of voting and a seat in Parliament, are fast bringing womanhood into contempt and disrepute by their misguided methods. To break the windows of Government officials houses, brawl in the public streets, and engage in personal and undignified conflict with the police, is surely much more likely to act as a drag on the car of progress than a helping of it, onwards towards the goal. To me Lord Tennyson's ideal of woman is a very high and beautiful one, and his reverence for true womanhood was exemplified in his own life. The finest compliment a man ever paid his wife was that which he paid to Lady Tennyson, when he said to a friend: "The day she married me, the Peace of God entered into my Home." I daresay some of you here have read Tennyson's poem. "The Princess," which though called a medley and a phantasy, embodies his real views on the woman question. I will now close by echoing the wish expressed in the report that God may give long life and prosperity to the Hindu Ladies' Social and Literary Club and may it become ever more and more a centre, whence light culture and refinement may irradiate to many a Hindu home. (Applause).

PRACTICAL SYMPATHY.

In moving a vote of thanks to the president Mrs. Swann, Miss Shirin M. Cursetji said that Mrs. Swann was more prominent in action that in words; more eager to evince practical sympathy in the well being of her Indian sisters than showing it by making speeches only. She had kindly interested herself in the progress of the Indian ladies. Not only here in Bombay but when she was in Poona she took a very active part in the movements for raising the status and advancing the progress of the Indian ladies there. She was a General's wife, but she was able to accomplish much more with her sympathy than all the armies of all the Generals put together. (Laughter and applause). When His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, now His Gracious Majesty King George the V., finished his tour in India he announced that what was required in India from the English was sympathy. Such sympathy Mrs. Swann had been showing during her stay in India and by it she had been welding into a closer bond her Indian sisters with her English ones. It was intellectual attainment, which has brought happiness in its train, and shed a lustre round home-life. She was ashamed to find that in order to attain to such intellectual happiness her Parsi sisters had not among them one literary club like this. When she spoke about it to some Parsi ladies of her acquaintance, they said "Oh, we need it not; we are intellectually advanced enough already." They did not understand the salutary advice that all of them were learners, and that it was never too late for them. (Applause).

Mrs. Maneckbai Kothare, president of the Club, seconded the vote of thanks in a neat little Marathi speech.

The resolution was passed, and flowers were presented to Mrs. Swann.

THE SKATING RINK.

A Night of Races.

The Elysium Skating Rink was crowded last night, when a very enjoyable programme of races for ladies and gentlemen was set. The different items in the programme were very keenly contested. The most interesting and exciting event was the race "Cycle vs. Skates," in which Mr. H. Puck who rode on a cycle defeated Mr. J. Taylor who was on skates. The two Ladies' Races were won by Miss O. Yamalee. The following are the results of the principal events:—

Ladies Race:—All start equal, three laps, (1) Miss O. Yamalee.

A Neck-tieing Competition:—Couples draw for partners. Gentlemen skated up to the ladies at the end of Rink, found their partners who tied scarf. (1) Miss Farrell and Mr. Cornfield.

A Gentleman challenged a Cyclist to run half a mile (9 laps).

Mr. M. Puck, cyclist, defeated Mr. J. Taylor on skates.

Handerchief Race for Ladies:—Three Laps, the lady, first in with most handkerchiefs, won. (1) Miss O. Yamalee.

A large and most enjoyable evening was passed, for which Mr. Soundy deserves to be heartily congratulated.

THE CURSE OF MALARIA.

How it may be Removed.

"With the banishment of Malaria a new era will dawn in India's history."

Those words, which cast a lurid glow on the importance of the disease directly responsible for more invaliding and death than any other cause in India, were spoken, a short time ago, by a distinguished man. Before that can be achieved, however, much water will have flowed between the banks of the Ganges, and untold millions of lives will have been sacrificed to the ravages of that pernicious microbe, which plays such havoc with the red blood corpuscles, destroying them, and devouring their haemoglobin, while producing poisons which rack the limbs with pain, reduce physical and mental strength to a very low level, and set up changes which may lead to the disease of many more important organs.

Malaria is, however, too well known to every resident in the country to make it necessary to paint a picture of the suffering it induces.

What is necessary in the public interest is to point out clearly, simply, and directly how the disastrous effects of the disease in all their varied manifestations may be overcome, how the patient may recover his full health, strength, and vitality, and be protected against further attacks.

After quinine has done its work, the need is urgent for a reconstituent and revitalising preparation to restore the quality of the blood and conquer the general malnutrition of the body, which is the inevitable result of the destruction of its vital particles.

THE CURSE REMOVED.

Nothing, it has been proved times without number, has so potent an influence for good as Sanatogen, which is universally recognised as the greatest reconstituent preparation and most revitalising tonic-food science has yet discovered.

Composed of glycero-phosphate of sodium, the active principle of the nervous system, chemically combined with casein, the albuminous or body-building element of pure milk, Sanatogen is the most easily digested of all tonic-food substances. It is rapidly assimilated by the body, and immediately begins to nourish the muscles as well as the nervous system, which finds in the preparation the supply of its vital phosphorus in exactly the form in which it can be most easily made use of. In addition, it increases the number and quality of the red corpuscles to an amazing extent. It frequently increases them by half a million per cubic centimetre in a fortnight, putting up the haemoglobin at the rate of two per cent. per week.

The result is that the sufferer's wasted body fills out, his drawn, lined face gets young again, his dim eyes grow bright, and his prematurely grey hair resumes its normal tint, so that he seems to grow younger and younger until he becomes as well as he ever was before.

Children are likewise profoundly affected by Malaria, which retards their growth in a most marked manner. When, however, they take Sanatogen, they rapidly regain their lost weight, recover their health, and start growing again. Sanatogen's power in overcoming the disabilities produced by Malaria have been attested by a large number of doctors throughout the Empire, as well as by hundreds of laymen.

MEDICAL AND LAY EVIDENCE.

Among medical men, Dr. H. H. W. Hart, Hapur Remount Depot, Babugarh, United Provinces, India, writes: "I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of Sanatogen in cases of Malaria, Enteric Fever, Dysentry and other exhausting diseases. I have used it regularly now in my practice for the past two years, and in no single instance have I been disappointed with the results. I can honestly affirm that many of my worst cases owe their recovery to Sanatogen."

Mr. Thomas Lynn, Calcutta, writes: "I was a broken-down wreck of a man as far as health goes, and have been a martyr to Malaria for four years, becoming weaker and weaker with the natural run-down condition and its accompaniments, Brain-fag, Nervousness, and Dyspepsia. Two bottles of Sanatogen have made an extraordinary difference for the better—nay, for the best. I shall always highly recommend Sanatogen everywhere I go. You will readily understand what a boon such a renovator of life is to people out in the Tropics, who have the awful heat to fight against."

In addition to curing the after-effects of Malaria and thus putting the body in the best possible condition to withstand the diseases of the liver, kidneys, etc., which follow in its train, Sanatogen is the best known preventive of Malaria, as it maintains the body in the finest state of health, and, therefore, in the most advantageous position for throwing off the attacks of the Malarial germ.

An exceedingly interesting pamphlet, "The Englishman in India," which contains further information on this subject, and on others of vital importance to all residents in India, will be sent, free, on application to the Sanatogen Company (of London), Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay, mentioning the "Bombay Gazette."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JAN. 17.

A light precipitation is nearly general in Kashmir. Some falls have occurred in Baluchistan, Lower Sind and the South of the Peninsula. The weather has been disturbed over the greater part of North-West India.

The forecast shows a light precipitation in Kashmir, the West Himalayas and the submontane district.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 17TH JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 17th January, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect except at Ambala; the minimum is in excess except at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the extreme western districts and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is normal; night temperature is in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Karachi reports 0·12" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is 11° to 12° in defect in Sind; the minimum is in excess except at Karachi.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded in Cutch and the northern half of Kathiawar and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Both day and night temperatures are in excess in west Central India. Day temperature is in defect in Cutch while night temperature is in excess in Gujarat and the adjacent parts of Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is generally above the average. Maximum temperature has risen and both it and the minimum temperature are now generally in excess.

The Konkan.—Skies are moderately clouded at Bombay and clear elsewhere. Humidity has increased slightly and is now in excess at most stations. Day temperature is normal; night temperature has risen and is now in excess in the north Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—Light local rain has fallen in lower Sind. Skies are heavily clouded in the Punjab and over parts of Sind and Rajputana. Rainfall has also occurred in the extreme south-east Peninsula and at Colombo. Weather continues slightly unsettled in the south-west of the Bay of Bengal as well as in north-west India.

A few showers may occur in the extreme south and in the Punjab and possibly in Sind and Rajputana.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

The White Star steamer "Titanic" will be launched at Belfast on May 31 next, fourteen days before her sister-ship, the "Olympic," leaves on her maiden voyage from Southampton to New York.

SPORTING NEWS.

ROYAL CONNAUGHT BOAT CLUB.

Regatta, 1911.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 16.

Rotherville at Kirkee will continue to be the centre of social attraction till Wednesday, next when the finals of the Regatta will be roused off. The preliminary heats have been decided as follows:—

STATION EIGHTS.

Indian Army vs. R. A. M. C.

The Indian Army scratched. Owing to Officers being ordered away, they found it impossible to get the crew together.

British Service vs. R. A.

This was one of the best races that has been seen in Poona in recent years, and marks Purrer as a stroke of great capability; as although he never saw the British Service crew from start to finish, he managed to keep a steady stroke, and by a well-timed spurt, which was splendidly backed up by the whole Gunner crew, he pulled the nose of his boat in front by six feet at the finish. Arbuthnot went off at about 38 to Purser's 34, and the British Service crew had got a lead 1-2 length in the first 1-4 mile which Arbuthnot still rowing a slightly faster stroke than Purser, had managed to increase to 2-4 length at "Lot's Wife." Here Purser made a spurt and decreased Arbuthnot's lead by 1-4 length, and Arbuthnot's answering spurt made no impression on the Gunners' boat and died away. The two Crews at this point drew very near to each other, but a foul was saved by both giving way a little. In the last 1-4 mile, Purser quickened up and gradually gained on the British Service crew till at the beginning of the Postersville Lawn, he drew level, and amid great excitement the two crews raced for home. The Gunners had mark left in them, and so got home first by six feet. It was a grand race and entirely due to Purser's good generalship. Ackerman, who replaced Fanshawe at a moment's notice in the R. A. boat, deserves great credit in the way in which he rowed throughout.

JUNIOR FOURS.

Heat I.—The 127th Baluchis beat the Loyal North Lancs. by a length after a really good race, in the course of which the Baluchis led by 1-2 length most of the way. Pelly, the stroke of the Loyal North Lancs.' boat was a bit done up after the Eights' race and failed to pick up his final spurt quite quickly enough. The Loyal North Lancs. boat was, however, gaining on the Baluchis at the finish.

Heat II.—The Gunners beat the R. A. M. C. by a length. There was not much to choose between the boats for the first quarter mile, though Reed was rowing a bit slower stroke than the Doctors, but in the last 1-4 mile, Reed quickened and the Gunners went slowly ahead and won by one length.

Heat III.—This resulted in a very good race. It was won by the Lincolns by four feet. The R. A. got a bad start owing to an oar slipping out of the rowlock at the first stroke. The Lincolns rowed a quarter length practically the whole way and Reed could make no impression upon them despite numerous spurts on his part well backed up by the crew. Eventually in the last hundred yards the R. A. boat began to gain on the Lincolns, but Trail, who rowed with great judgment, kept his men ahead and won a splendid race by four feet. This leaves the 127th Baluchis and Lincolns in the final for the Junior Fours. The betsinglis strong on the Lincolnshire crew.

This afternoon the preliminary Junior Sculls and Junior Pairs were rowed off and there was additionally a lot of practice by the Bombay, Madras and Poona Eights which stimulated more interest than the actual races. The following are the results:—

JUNIOR SCULLS.—Holmes had a row over, shaw and Wetherall having scratched.

JUNIOR SCULLS—Bowen beat Atkinson and Walker.

JUNIOR PAIRS.—Holland and Webb beat Keyworth and Wetherall and Boldard and Estes.

JUNIOR SCULL.—Boyce beat Reed and Sanales.

JUNIOR PAIRS.—Teal and Holmes beat Pelly and Atkinson and Boyce and Pelly.

JUNIOR SCULLS.—Campbell beat Allen.

POONA, JAN. 17.

A large gathering met at the Royal Connaught Boat Club at Rotherville this evening to witness the semi-final heats of the Poona annual Regatta. Several excellent finishes have been recorded, notably those in the Canoe race in which Mr. Turner and Miss Thom won by just a foot from Mr. Walker and Miss Brooks and in the Station Eights in which the Royal Army Medical Corps secured victory by a quarter length from the Royal Artillery.

The results are:—

SENIOR SCULLS.—Distance 3 3-4 miles:—Leahy 1, ; Teall 2; Madeley 3. Won by two lengths; one length between second and third. Time—4 min. 50 secs.

THE KHALASSIS' RACE, half mile:—Poona 1st; Kirkee 2nd. Won by two lengths.

CANADIAN CANOES, 100 yds:—Turner and Miss Thom 1st; Walker and Miss Brooke 2nd; Ryley and Mrs Byatt 3rd. Won by a foot.

JUNIOR SKULLS, half mile:—Holms 1st, Boley 2nd; Bowen 3rd; Won by two lengths. Time=3 min 48 sec.

STATION EIGHTS,—distance 3-4 mile—The R. A. M. C. beat the Royal Artillery after a very-good race by a quarter length. Time—4 min. 17 secs.

POONA GOLF CLUB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 16.

The first quarterly "Cup" and "Medal" competition was held on the home boats at Wanowrie to-day. The medal and cup was won by Mr. G. W. Saunderson with the club record (net) score of 49. There was also a "Putting Competition" for ladies which was won by Mrs. Hambleton (prize, silver card case) with a score of 15 out of a possible 8. For the second prize (a brass flower bowl) there was a tie between Mrs. Stanger-Leathes and Mrs. Saunderson. The former won in the play off. The following are the individual scores:—

FOR CUP AND MEDAL.

Mr G A Saunderson ...	59	—10	=49
Capt Stanger-Leathes ...	65	—10	=55
Mr Deakin	64	— 9	=55
Major Wickham... ...	64	— 4	=60
Revd Mr Arnould ...	70	—10	=60
Major Searle	65	— 4	=61
Mr Wrigh	69	— 8	=61
Mr Miller	61	+ 2	=63
Mr Floyd	65	Scr	=65
Mr Hambleton	73	— 4	=71
Mr Bray	84	—10	=74

LADIES' PUTTING COMPETITION.

The following are the scores:—

Mrs Hambleton	15
Mrs Stanger-Leathes	16
Mrs Saunderson...	16
Mrs Floyd	17
Miss E Hambleton	18
Mrs Bray	21
Miss N Wickham	23
Miss C Hambleton	25
Miss Wickham	20
Mrs Wickham	27

WESTERN INDIA KENNEL ASSOCIATION.

PERMISSION has been granted by the Secretary of the Indian Kennel Association to hold a dog show in Bombay on February 16th next under I. K. A. rules. All intending exhibitors are asked to join the W. I. K. A. at once. The Secretary, Mr. W. Lee, 'Times of India' office, will be pleased to furnish all information in connection with the new Association which is supported by the leading dog owners in the Presidency and is under the management of an influential Committee.

Mr. Clive, of Messrs. Slaranger and Sons, London, and a well known authority at Home on Lawn Tennis, will be in Calcutta next week.

THE VICEROY'S CUP.

Mr. G. K.'s Great Candidate.

Those moving in racing circles in India will be interested in the arrival at Madras, on Saturday last, of the famous black horse, Aborigine, purchased in Australia some time ago by Mr. R. G. Baldock for Mr. G. K., the Bombay sportsman.

Up to three years of age, and as a three year old, Aborigine displayed clinking good form in New Zealand and was then sent across to Australia where he was placed for training in the care of H. Raynes. While with him the black won the Metropolitan stakes and dead heated in the Canefield Cup. Last November he won a very important thousand pound event, the Williamstoun Cup. Aborigine has been accompanied to India by another of Mr. G. K.'s purchases.

The object of the purchase of Aborigine is, of course, success in the Viceroy's Cup which his owner has never yet won, and the general opinion of those whose opinion is worth having is that he is the first pedegreed animal that has ever been imported into India, Mr. A. A. Appear's well-known cup-winner, Great Scot, being his nearest rival. Aborigine is by Merivee out Indian of Queen, his sire having been a Melbourne Cup winner. The new arrivals's first serious work will be in the next Viceroy's Cup meeting, because he cannot be got ready in time for the season here. He will come overland to Bombay from Madras and will, it is believed, be kept here.

CALCUTTA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 17.

To-day's racing was full of interest and was very well attended. The weather was favourable and the sport was fully enjoyed. The results are:—

THIRD PONY HURDLE HANDICAP R. C. and distance over seven flights of hurdles.

Mr. Roy Chowdhury's Ruling Passion 10 ..... Northmore 1
Mr. Hannygton's Cocoa 9-3.....Hayhoe 2
Mr. Field's Solace 10-9.....Mr. Biesse 3

Won by 2 lengths; 10 lengths between second and third. Time—3min. 26 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Iris 9-11, Bandyleg 9.

THE CLYDE PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Scott's Sealad 8-12.....Firth 1
Capt. Nimo's Missus 9-12.....Baret 2
Mr. Connoley's Premoa 7-3.....Baichan 3

Won by a head; 1-2 a length between second and third. Time—1min. 17 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Wild Boy 9, Cracker 8-10, Mandeville 8-10, Safetypin 8-5, Glenora 8-2, Powerful 7.

THE HOWRAH PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr Apcar's Sequent 8-5.....C Hoyt 1
Mr Roy Chowdhury's Vistagee 9-8.....Thoburn 2
Mr Smith's Foudrette 8-9.....Trenoweth 3

Won by a head, and neck between second and third. Time—1min. 15secs.

ALSO RAN:—Serene 8-11, Metalboy 9-12, Watchtower 9-4, Bonnyboy 9-4, Gallilio 8-11, Singleton 8-7, and Royal Colour 7-13.

THE SELDAH PLATE.—1 mile.

Mr Garda's The Loaf 8st 9lbs.....Whalley 1
Mr Marshall's Saloon 8st 7lbs 2
Mr Galstaun's Box of Toys 8st 9lbs .....Robinson 3

Won by 2 1-4 lengths; neck between 2nd and 3rd.

ALSO RAN:—Bestchina 8-9, Littlemeg 8-7, Clear Creek 8-5, Princess San 8-3 and Isabela 7 5.

PRINCE OF WALES PLATE.—1 mile.

Mr Roy Chowdhury's Resemblance 7st 8lbs Thoburn 1
Mr G's Picturesque 7st 7lbs .....Kuhn 2
Mr Galstaun's Prince Rupert 8st 7lbs ...Ferguson 3
Mr Garda's Lumination 9st 12lbs .....Hill 4

Won by a head; 2 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min 41 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Tangora 9-12, Punt 8-13, Bulldog 8-13, Neith 8-8, Chobham 8-6, Bedouin 8-2, Ebullition.

BETTING:—3 to 1 Prince Rupert, 4 to 1 Punt and Chobham, 6 to 1 Ebullition; longer odds Princes and the rest.

ST. GEORGE'S PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr Galstaun's Hoppner 9st 9lbs.....Robinson 1
Mr Marshall's Hughie 8st 5lbs .....Firth 2
Mr Garda's Gravilrea 9st 5lbs .....Whalley 3

Won by short head; 1-12 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 2 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Truelove 9-12, Cherryhackle 9-11, Sanremo 9-7, Johnwesley 9, Hacklers Bloom 8-11, Pressy 8-9, Elpis 8-5, Devil'slimit 8, Blix 7-10.

THE KHIDDERPORE PLATE.—1 1-4 miles.

Mr Mohan's Ladyspring 7st 12lbs.....Kuhn 1
Mr Apcar's Fivecrown 9st 8lbs .....C Hoyt 2
Mr Galstaun's Redoall 8st 3lbs.....Robinson 3

Won by 3-4 lengths between second and third. Time—2 mins 12 secs.

ALSO RAN:—Kipling 8-5, Santoinette 8-3, Wisehawk 8, Speedometer 7-7.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE following races will be sailed finishing at flog Island on Saturday, 21st January, 1911:—

"A" Class Handicap re sail race for a cup presented by Mr. R. H. H. Hopkins, Course No. 53, distance 10·49 miles, start at 3 p.m. time in hands.

"B" Class Handicap Race, Course No. 53, distance 10·47 miles, start at 3·35, time in hand.

Tomtit Class Race, Course No. 54, distance 9·35 miles, start at 3·20 p.m.

Course No. 53 from Committee Vessel—Butcher Beacons Porth-North Channel Buoy, Star board—B. W.H.S. Buoy, N. E. of Elephanta Starboard—Mark Boat Moored off Hog Island to Port.

Course No. 54 from Committee Vessel to Tucker, Beacon, Port two red Channel Buoys, W. N. W. S. and N. of Butcher Island, both to Starboard-B. W. H. S. Buoys N. E. of Elephanta, to Starboard, Mark, boat moored off Hog Island to Port.

"A" and "B" Class dinghies to be towed.

TAX-COLLECTING IN NIGERIA.

Filani cattle are beasts of enormous size, with great widely branching horns and a huge meaty-looking hump rising just behind these. The actual herders and drivers, who are ever with the cattle, walking and sleeping alongside them, are small children, who, armed with a tiny cane, stroll through the middle of a herd, and bully truculent animals into subservience. They appear to have absolute control over the beasts, which follow after the lads when they call them, halt when they do, turn at their nod, and are literally at their beck and call. With ordinary natives, and of course with a white man, they are perfectly wild and very dangerous. Any one who, unescorted, should chance to meet with some, might reasonably expect attack. An experienced man, when adventuring near a herd to count it, always stations before him a small Filani boy. He is then as safe as if he were up a tree. Ogle wasn't experienced, and got a bad scare from one of the first herds he tried to count. Probably of "malice prepense" the Filani all got well away from him; and when the cattle came along, and a bull, taking note of this new and strange feature on the landscape, set off from the herd with the obvious intention of obliterating it he found himself standing alone. There was little time to spare and Ogle lost none, but put a couple of 455's from his revolver into the brute's head and neck. All the others bolted, and the Filani, who value their cattle very highly, took care to afford him no further excuse for shooting any—the more so because he insisted upon "dashing" the carcass to his own people who had the feed of their lives,—eleven men to one huge bull!

Several of the kraals seemed to be fully large for the number of cattle housed therein, and it quickly became manifest that the gentle Filani had sent about half their beasts elsewhere, in order to avoid having to pay on them. Taxed with this, they, of course, denied all knowledge of any such misdoing. And the lies your Filani turns out are of super-Ananias quality. It remained to hunt for the missing animals, and the island being limited in area it was not long before they were run to earth. The ground was very soft, and cattle leave tracks. What to do now? To arrest and send for trial the men who had so deceived him would not have served Ogle's purpose, so the dozen offenders were told to stand forth. Eleven of them lay down on the ground, backs uppermost, and the twelfth man gave each of them a dozen with his stick. Then they arose, and the late executioner took his place similarly upon the earth and in each of his eleven friends gave him one stroke; the sergeant of the escort made up the quota with a particularly hearty contribution. A great artist with a stick, the sergeant! The ceremony took place in the presence of a hundred or so Filanis, and Ogle hoped that the effect would be good.

That night Gassol was joined by a number of retainers, who arrived armed with spears and swords; Gassol himself, of course, never moved without weapons.

The following day saw the finish of the assessment of those herds in the northern part of the island, and word was sent to Sendrishi to meet "the judge" the following morning, and to accompany him on his tour through the remaining herds. Late at night interpreter Awudu came to Ogle, solemn, mysterious. He said, "When the King of Sendrishi came to see you, I saw with him a man whom I know as Joro Shishi. That man is a very bad fellow; two years ago he was tried for slave-dealing, and got off. But he was guilty all the same. He had to leave his own town, and he is living now with Sendrishi. He is a very clever man, and always he is making mumafuke. I hear news that he has been going round amongst these Filani, bribing them to leave this end of the island now that you are here, in order that you may find them in Sendrishi's country, and order them to pay jangali to him. After you are gone they will return to this part."

Ogle said, "All right!" and turned in.

The next morning, again an early start, and after going a mile or two the party met with Sendrishi and his people. Ogle left his pony, and accompanied by Awudu and a couple of constables dived into the throng surrounding the king, clapped a pair of handcuffs on to Mr. Joro Shishi's wrists, hauled him out from amongst his friends, and had the prisoner well on his way to the "White Duck" under escort of armed constables ere the onlookers quite appreciated what was happening. Then he said good morning to the king, sat down, and invited him and Gassol to do likewise, as he had somewhat to say to them. The two men sat facing each other across Ogle's front; the retainers grouped themselves behind their respective chiefs. The political officer told them that this playing at cross purposes could not continue, that he did not intend to tolerate any more of it, and that if it did not stop he should advise the Resident to take such administrative action as should make any further repetition of it a matter of impossibility. He tried to get the two men to take a reasonable view of the matter to realise that consideration for their own interests demanded that they should work together. He tried, being very young indeed and very fresh to the country, to make them friends. Sendrishi, being an artful old man, professed himself delighted with the suggestion. But he did protest too much, and the gleam of his eye and the twist of his lip did betray him. Gassol was sulky; when he did speak it was to remark that if only the white man were out of the country he, Gassol, would settle the questions outstanding 'twixt himself and his enemy in his own fashion, "statim ac instanter." Whereat his people growled approvingly, fidgeting with their spears and rattling their swords. Nor were Sendrishi's on backward. The whole lot of them were just itching to be at each other's throats. Ogle had a revolver, Awudu a heavy stick, and the two constables their rifles. For a moment a "melee" seemed inevitable

BY THE WAY.

"A BLACK GHETTO."

The city of Baltimore is providing new material for orations in praise of American liberty. Its Municipal Council has proposed an "ordinance" or by-law requiring its coloured inhabitants to reside in a section of the city set apart for them, and prohibiting white people from making their homes within that area. A correspondent of the New York "Evening Post," bearing the suggestive name of Henry Moskowitz, point out that this ordinance in not entirely original. "Despotic Russia," he says, "has employed the method for a great many years. She has a pale for the Jews. If the ordinance is passed, Baltimore can pride itself on the invention of a black ghetto."

CLOTHING OR ORNAMENT?

Man will always wear something; but the savage regards clothes as ornaments, and ornaments as clothes. Probably a married Mashona woman would rather die than appear without the ring round her shaven head. On the other hand, not long ago, a Mashona chief earnestly besought a missionary to give him a pair of trousers, which the missionary, with some reluctance, did. On the following Sunday, when the service was in full swing, the church door opened and the chief advanced up the aisle slowly and with majestic port, wearing one half of the trousers. He had shared the pair with his brother.—From "Pastels Under the Southern Cross," in the "Cornhill Magazine."

JUSTICE THROUGH BLACK SPECTACLES.

There is a story told, which may be quite untrue, but, at any rate, serves to illustrate the way in which our European justice though administered carefully and conscientiously may strike the native mind as injustice. A native servant or boy being beaten severely by his master, also a native determined to "have the law of him." The master was summoned, corrected, and fined for assault. On coming away from the magistrate he punished the boy by beating him still more severely. The boy summoned him again, and he was more heavily fined. Again he punished the boy by a tremendous thrashing, and once more summoned had this time to pay a fine of £10. Yet again he furiously beat the boy, saying to him; "I shall go on beating you worse and worse every time you bring me before the magistrate. Consider, therefore, whether this thing is worth doing." The boy on reflection declared that it was not, "for I," said he, "get the beating and the white chiefs get the money."—From "Pastels Under the Southern Cross" in the "Cornhill Magazine."

NEW LAWS FOR THE NEW YEAR.

The only statute of first-rate importance that came into operation on New Year's Day was, the "Law Journals" points out, the Licensing (Consolidation) Act, which, with its 113 section and seven schedules is much the largest Act passed during the year. The present Government have carried through Parliament a number of consolidating statutes bringing within a comparatively moderate compass all the scattered statute law on the subjects with which they deal. The Companies, Children, Agricultural Holdings, and Marine Insurance Acts are specimens of this excellent tendency in modern legislation, and the passing of the new Licensing Act which is concerned with a particularly complicated subject, is not the least notable effort made in recent years towards the simplification of the law.

CHEAP ELECTIONS.

Mr. J. MacVeagh, whose election for South Down is said to have cost him not a penny beyond the returning officer's fee, has certainly eclipsed many previous economic elections to Parliament. Even in the old days of corruption and costly votes, when the Duke of Somerset bribed one elector with £200 down and a life-pension of £40 a year, John Elwes was elected member for Berkshire at a total cost to himself of eighteenpence. In more recent years, Mr. Patrick McDermott was returned for North Kilkenny for an expenditure of £15 10s., or less than threefarthings for each vote. Mr. Davitt once secured his seat for Cork at a total cost of tenpence, the price of a telegram acknowledging the official intimation of his return; and Mr. William Abraham was once returned for Rhondda Valley for a shade under £22.

RED MISTLETOE.

Mistletoe, which belongs properly to the New Year rather than to Christmas, has a still more decorative cousin rarely seen in this country. This is the red-berried mistletoe—"viscum cruciatum"—widely distributed throughout North East Africa, Syria, and Spain, where it is parasitic on the olive. Mr. Athelston Riley, when he lived in Cornwall, possessed a noble specimen of this variety, which grew on a common thorn, killed the host, and thus committed suicide. The large, bright-red berries of this plant are borne simultaneously with the red-tipped flowers, presenting a very ornamental appearance. It is unluckily not quite hardy with us, and requires protection during winter, even in our southern counties.

THE PUBLIC DRINKING-CUP.

In the United States of America, public opinion is ripening for a campaign against the public drinking-cup. These cups, attached by chains to the fountains in the streets, are sources of considerable peril, especially to children. The probabilities are that the majority of adults rinse out the metallic cups before drinking out of them, but children, whether using similar cups placed in their playgrounds or drinking from the street fountains, seldom take this precaution. The "Lancet," which calls attention to the matter, says the question of chained drinking-cups in schools has been investigated, and it has been found that in many cases cups have not been cleaned for several months. In some cases there were dents in the bottom of the cup where a sufficiently large quantity of dirt was deposited for it to be possible to pick out and examine the accumulations. The microscope revealed that they consisted of mud, epithelium, and bacteria.

A MODERN ANTARCTIC VESSEL.

The "Pourquoi-Pas," the vessel which had the honour of carrying the Charcot expedition to the Antarctic, is not to be allowed to fall from its high mission of a scientific ship. The special construction and fittings of the boat have suggested the idea to the French Minister of Public Instruction of making the vessel a floating laboratory. Dr. Charcot, we learn from the "Republique Francaise," will remain in charge of the 'Pourquoi-Pas' under its new guise. It is stated that Dr. Charcot is anxious to undertake an investigation into the migrations of fishes, and it is thought that much assistance may be rendered to fishermen if further information could be gained on this subject. It could be put to practical use in alleviating the results of bad seasons.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Sir Walter Gilbey, in "Farm Stock One Hundred Years Ago" has brought together a number of interesting facts concerning the live stock of the farm. Bleeding, the stock remedy for equine ills of every kind, was practised until comparatively recent times. The Essex farmers used to bleed their animals regularly in spring and autumn as late as the year 1835, and in some districts it was continued until about 1850. But veterinary surgery did not embrace the study of cattle and sheep diseases at all. Treatment of sick cattle was referred to the local "leech," who, to quote a writer of the time, "knows as much of the diseases of animals as the beast to which he is sent for."

CATTLE AND HORSES.

Arthur Young, writing in 1770, reckoned the total of cattle in England, at over 2,800,000, including 684,000 draught cattle. The fact that some 4,500,000 cattle are now owned in England, indicates the change in the cattle-breeding industry during a hundred years. There are no reliable figures, Sir Walter says, to show what the horse population was at that time. Apart from coaching, every country gentleman drove or rode in the good old days. The farmer and commercial traveller travelled on horseback or drove a gig. Goods in out-of-the-way parts of England, were still carried on strings of pack-horses. The importance of the latter as a means of transport is shown by the old "pack-horse" bridges still remaining over the streams in various parts of England. They are wide enough to allow a laden horse to pass, but too narrow for carts.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

UNIFORMITY OF HUMAN NATURE.

A distinguished critic said the other day, quite truly, that the cause of the dullness and falsity of many biographies was a belief on the part of their authors in "the uniformity of human nature." Now, human nature is not uniform and one of the growing interests of life is a deepening perception of its variety. Most men have an intuitive perception of it, so that Maeterlinck says that no one would pass the time of day to two different people in exactly the same way; he would recognise a difference between them and would adapt his remark to each accordingly. That this perception can be cultivated indefinitely is well known, and men by long conversance with their fellows have reached a pitch when people seemed to them to go about like books open at the table of contents. In others it is rudimentary. They are self-involved, so that all the human race is mere nonego and its members as like one another as the heads on a sheet of stamps. One would guess that many biographies are written by such men. They show some industry in collecting their materials, some care in ensuring accuracy of statement, and some skill in weaving facts together in chronological order, but when they reach their "finis" they have no more idea of the person they have been writing about than they have of the man in the moon. They have been exhibiting facts instead of revealing person, and what keeps nine-tenths of the biographical works that fall from the press so abundantly at this season from any pretension to being literature is that they are sketches of a career without being studies of a character.

BIBLIOTHEQUES.

Everyone knows that there is in France nothing equivalent to the free-library system which obtains in the English-speaking countries. There are "bibliotheques," of which some are specialist. To them the scholar repairs in search of expensive or out-of-the-way books bearing on the subject of his study. Others are popular, and from them a reader may borrow a romance. Those, however, are so different from the free public library as we know it—free because accessible without subscription, and public because maintained by the rates—that M. Eugene Morel, in the title of the book which he has written recommending our system to his fellow countrymen, refuses to use the word "bibliotheque" at all, and calls it "la librairie publique," although by rights that should mean "the public book shop." The author tells us how he hit first upon an English free library. In St. Martin's Lane in the old French quarter, a shower of rain drove him to take refuge in a public building. There he was surprised to see men standing reading the newspapers and pleased to find for himself a copy of "Figaro." Pushing his researches further, he ascended to the first floor, and, finding the other departments, realised the nature of the institution. He took it for granted that it was a special foundation, and as his fellow-librarians could not assure him to the contrary, and as he was too busy making researches in preparation for an examination to inquire more curiously, he retained that impression. That was fifteen years ago, and in the meantime, having examined thoroughly the working of the system in England, America, and Australia, he has written a book which is thoroughly up to date in its statistics and, where he sticks closely to his subject (the beggars begging whisky in Edinburgh are too absurd), well informed. Much that M. Morel tells about the French libraries will be new and interesting to most English readers, while the exposition of the English system ought to have upon his countrymen the effect of a "Wake up, Jacques Bonhomme."

TENNYSON'S FAVOURITE EPITHET.

Someone writing to a weekly paper asks for the author of the following lines:—

As the trees began to whisper and the wind began to roll,
Heard in the wild March morning the angels call his soul.

The peculiar use of the word "wild" might have betrayed the Tennysonian origin of the couplet. It is one of the poet's pet words—"Wild bird, whose warble liquid sweet," "Or those wild eyes that watch the wave," "Like some wild poet when he works," and so on; but the odd thing is that not only is the applicant for information ignorant but the editor himself—the editor of a journal which takes all curious and minute knowledge for its province—cannot answer that it is an imperfect recollection of the best-known stanza of that third part of the "May Queen" which Tennyson, recapturing a note that had been silent for ten years wrote in 1842. The "May Queen," accordingly may be held to have reached the nadir of its unpopularity, and it is interesting to trace certain of the stages which it has passed in the course of its descent. To begin with, it was received with a more general enthusiasm than had greeted any other of Tennyson's poems. Its simple pathos carried it into quarters where the perfection of its workmanship would have proved no passport, while the perfection of its workmanship commended it to people who would have been estranged by its peculiar vein of pathos. Brimley traced its charm to the skill with which it exhibited a life moved by simple affections through the medium of a conversation and Tainsh wrote of it that "no familiarity could make it otherwise than dear—dear and sad like repentance." Presently, however, the sentiment became suspect, and in the next stage critics, though still appreciative, are a little apologetic. Thus Stopford Brooke was of opinion that it was the "galloping verse" that gave it an air of sentimentalism, and said that "the same things would have made a different impression had the verses been shorter in line and a little statelier in form." Mr. Lang, too, says that in the "May Queen" the poet elevated a topic "well within the range of Eliza Cook," but does not know whether it is a more fastidious or a more perverse taste that condemns the pathos as "obvious." The next stage is represented by Mr. Elton, who thinks that Tennyson must lose his hold as a poet of the simple emotions, and adds that the pathos of the "May Queen" is to be trusted very little and has a certain sickliness of sound and metre, one of the surest warning signals of easy sentiment." There is, however, a deeper depth than adverse criticism, and that is oblivion, and the "May Queen" seems, with some men, to be rapidly lapsing into that state.

THE 91ST HIGHLANDERS.

The latest addition to the long list of regimental histories, the history of the 91st Argyllshire Highlanders, now the 1st Battalion Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), by R. P. Dunn-Pattison, late Lieutenant 91st Highlanders (Blackwood), is in many respects a model of what this description of work should be. For in its main conception it is a book of reference compiled after exhaustive research from all available records, public and private, and replete with every possible information that those interested would desire to obtain. The letter-press, though naturally and rightly sympathetic to the distinguished regiment, whose deeds it recounts, is at the same time an impartial narrative, the author being of opinion that it was neither his duty to "magnify the good or to slur over the bad," relative attributes that in corps as much as in individuals will usually be found in varying proportions. It was in the year 1794, when, as the result of the French Revolution, the prospect of extensive military operations in the near future appeared imminent, that the Duke of Argyll of the day was authorized by King George the Third to raise a regiment for foreign service and the full record of its achievement in the years that have elapsed since that date will be found accurately and carefully summarized in the 400 pages of the present handsome volume. To roll of active service, in which the 91st has been engaged is a long one, and includes operations in South Africa at the end of the eighteenth century, the Corunna campaign, the Walcheren Expedition, the Peninsular War, the Mutiny, and the recent war in South Africa. The study of these is facilitated by maps, while excellent general appendix gives chronological details connected with the colours, dress, &c., as well as succession lists of commanding and other officers, stations, and returns showing nationality height, age, and service of the men at various periods. Illustrations are good, and the whole work has been produced in a manner befitting the reputation of this gallant regiment, to whose many friends and admirers it should greatly appeal.

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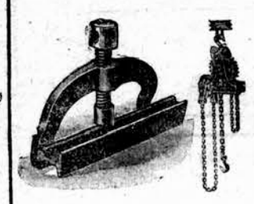

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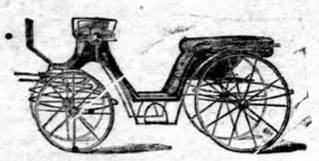

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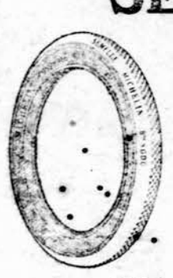

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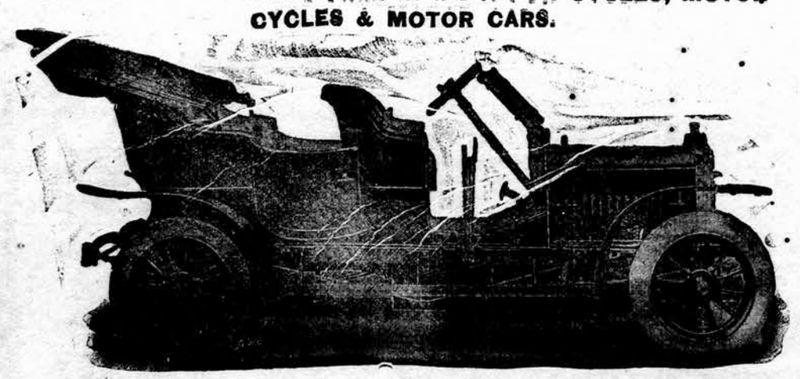

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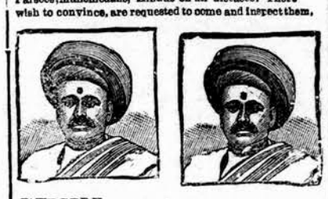

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